

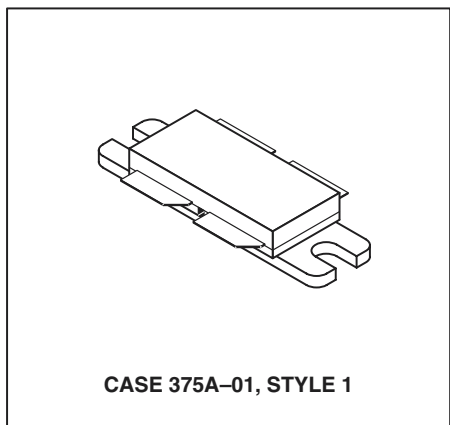
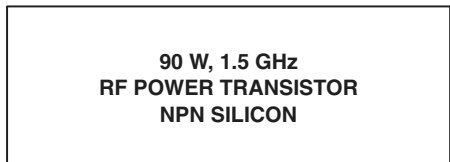
The RF Line

NPN Silicon

RF Power Transistor

Designed for 26 volts microwave large-signal, common emitter, class A and class AB linear amplifier applications in industrial and commercial FM/AM equipment operating in the range 1400–1600 MHz.

- Specified 26 Volts, 1490 MHz, Class AB Characteristics
 - Output Power — 90 Watts (PEP)
 - Gain — 7.5 dB Min @ 90 Watts (PEP)
 - Collector Efficiency — 30% Min @ 90 Watts (PEP)
 - Intermodulation Distortion — -28 dBc Max @ 90 Watts (PEP)
- Third Order Intercept Point — 56.5 dBm Typ @ 1490 MHz, $V_{CE} = 24$ Vdc, $I_C = 5$ Adc
- Characterized with Series Equivalent Large-Signal Parameters from 1400–1600 MHz
- Characterized with Small-Signal S-Parameters from 1000–2000 MHz
- Silicon Nitride Passivated
- 100% Tested for Load Mismatch Stress at All Phase Angles with 3:1 Load VSWR @ 28 Vdc, and Rated Output Power
- Gold Metallized, Emitter Ballasted for Long Life and Resistance to Metal Migration
- Circuit board photomaster available upon request by contacting RF Tactical Marketing in Phoenix, AZ.



ARCHIVE INFORMATION

ARCHIVE INFORMATION

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|-----------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Collector-Emitter Voltage | V_{CEO} | 25 | Vdc |
| Collector-Emitter Voltage | V_{CES} | 60 | Vdc |
| Emitter-Base Voltage | V_{EBO} | 4 | Vdc |
| Collector-Current — Continuous @ $T_{J(max)} = 150^{\circ}C$ | I_C | 15 | Adc |
| Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ Derate above $25^{\circ}C$ | P_D | 250 1.43 | Watts W/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| Storage Temperature Range | T_{stg} | - 65 to +150 | $^{\circ}C$ |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic | Symbol | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------|---------------|
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 0.70 | $^{\circ}C/W$ |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted.)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|

OFF CHARACTERISTICS

| | | | | | |
|---|---------------|----|----|---|-----|
| Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 50$ mAdc, $I_B = 0$) | $V_{(BR)CEO}$ | 25 | 28 | — | Vdc |
| Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 50$ mAdc, $V_{BE} = 0$) | $V_{(BR)CES}$ | 60 | 65 | — | Vdc |
| Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 50$ mAdc, $R_{BE} = 100 \Omega$) | $V_{(BR)CER}$ | 30 | — | — | Vdc |

(continued)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — continued ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|

OFF CHARACTERISTICS — continued

| | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---|-----|----|------|
| Emitter–Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 5 \text{ mAdc}$, $I_C = 0$) | $V_{(BR)EBO}$ | 4 | 4.8 | — | Vdc |
| Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 30 \text{ Vdc}$, $V_{BE} = 0$) | I_{CES} | — | — | 10 | mAdc |

ON CHARACTERISTICS

| | | | | | |
|--|----------|----|----|----|---|
| DC Current Gain ($I_{CE} = 1 \text{ Adc}$, $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ Vdc}$) | h_{FE} | 20 | 40 | 80 | — |
|--|----------|----|----|----|---|

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

| | | | | | |
|--|----------|---|----|---|----|
| Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 26 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$) – For Information Only. This Part Is Collector Matched. | C_{ob} | — | 52 | — | pF |
|--|----------|---|----|---|----|

FUNCTIONAL TESTS (Figure 12)

| | | | | | |
|---|----------|--------------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Common–Emitter Amplifier Power Gain ($V_{CC} = 26 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 90 \text{ W (PEP)}$, $I_{CQ} = 250 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1490 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1490.1 \text{ MHz}$) | G_{pe} | 7.5 | 8.3 | — | dB |
| Collector Efficiency ($V_{CC} = 26 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 90 \text{ W (PEP)}$, $I_{CQ} = 250 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1490 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1490.1 \text{ MHz}$) | η | 30 | 36 | — | % |
| Intermodulation Distortion ($V_{CC} = 26 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 90 \text{ W (PEP)}$, $I_{CQ} = 250 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1490 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1490.1 \text{ MHz}$) | IMD | — | – 32 | – 28 | dBc |
| Input Return Loss ($V_{CC} = 26 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 90 \text{ W (PEP)}$, $I_{CQ} = 250 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1490 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1490.1 \text{ MHz}$) | IRL | 12 | 15 | — | dB |
| Load Mismatch ($V_{CC} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 90 \text{ W (PEP)}$, $I_{CQ} = 250 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1490 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1490.1 \text{ MHz}$, Load VSWR = 3:1, All Phase Angles at Frequency of Test) | ψ | No Degradation in Output Power | | | |

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

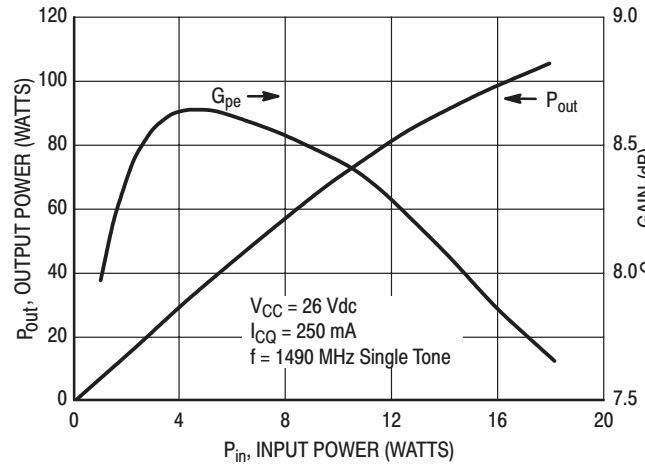


Figure 1. Output Power & Power Gain versus Input Power

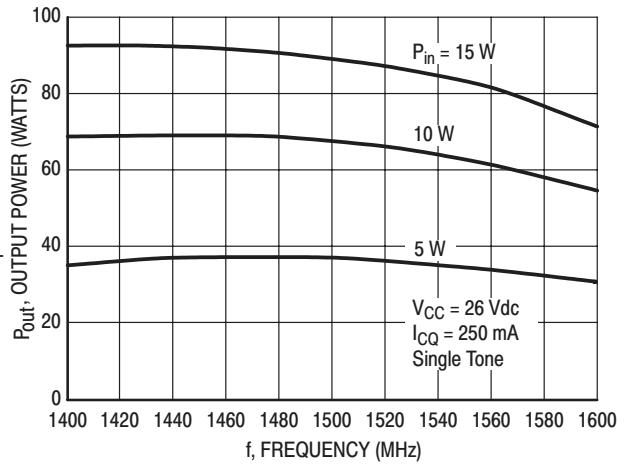


Figure 2. Output Power versus Frequency

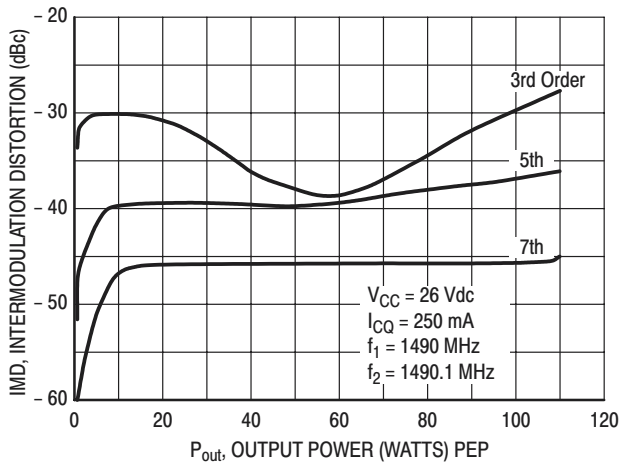


Figure 3. Intermodulation Distortion versus Output Power

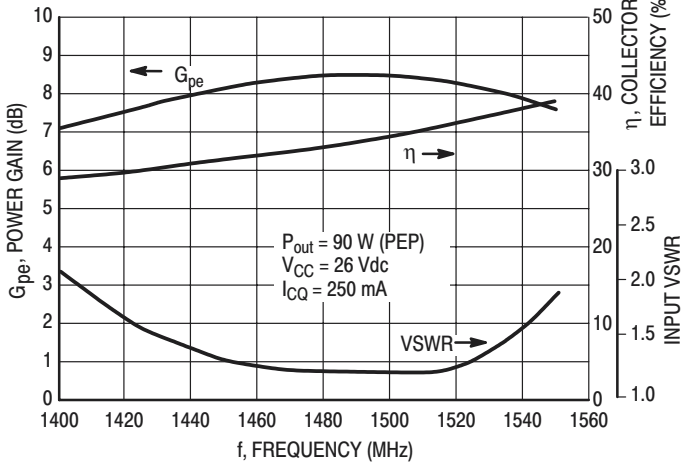


Figure 4. Performance in Broadband Circuit

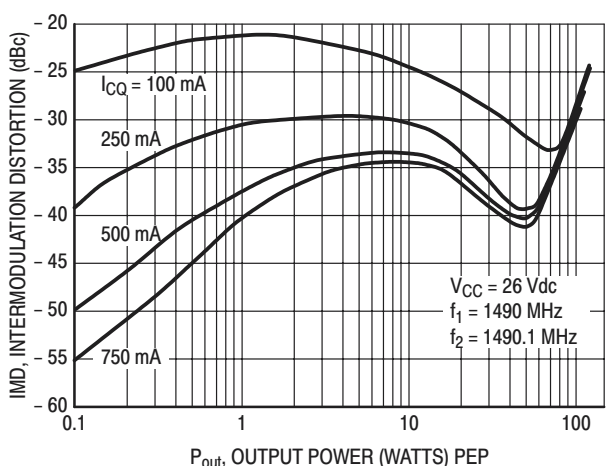


Figure 5. Intermodulation Distortion versus Output Power

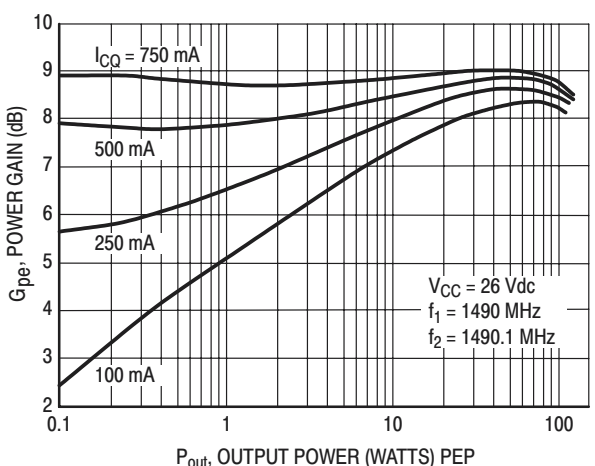


Figure 6. Power Gain versus Output Power

ARCHIVE INFORMATION

ARCHIVE INFORMATION

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

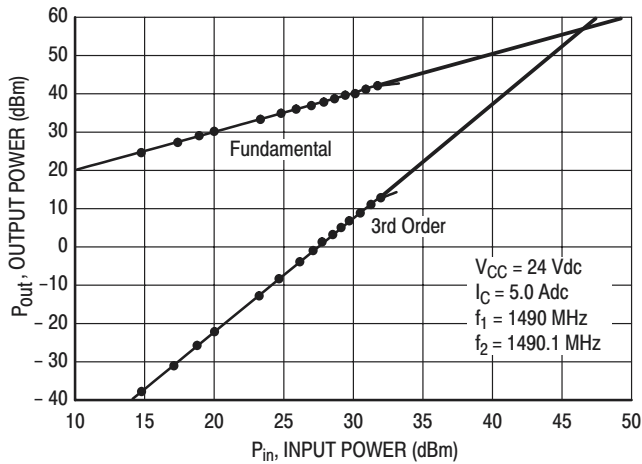


Figure 7. Class A Third Order Intercept Point

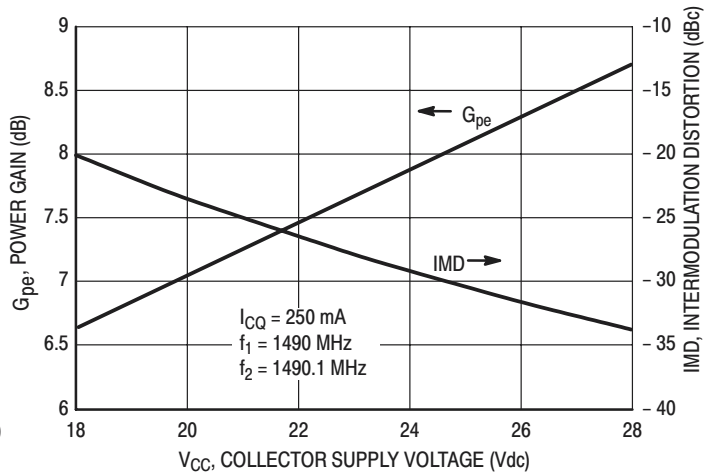


Figure 8. Power Gain and Intermodulation Distortion versus Supply Voltage

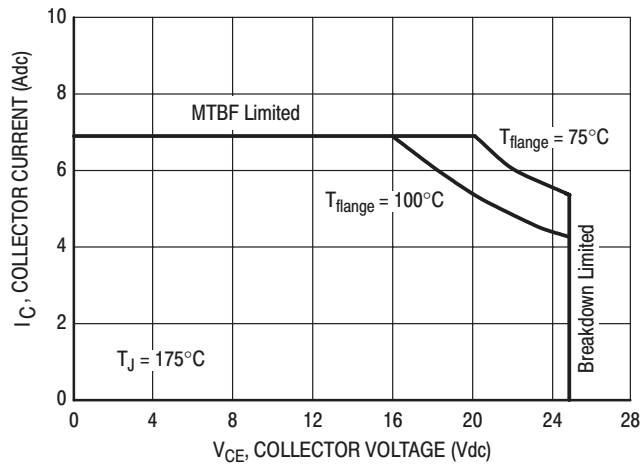


Figure 9. DC Safe Operating Area

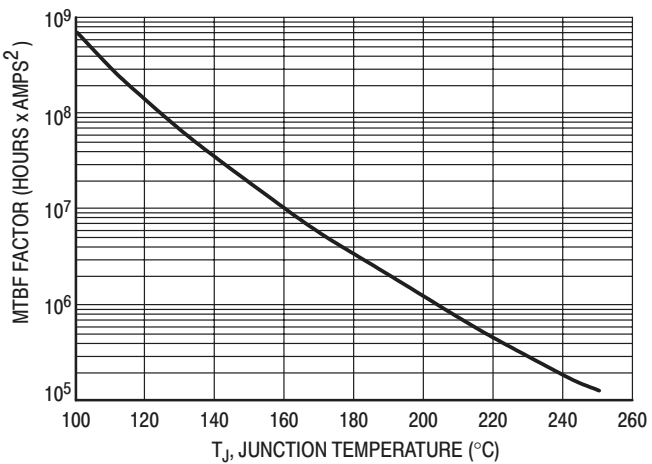
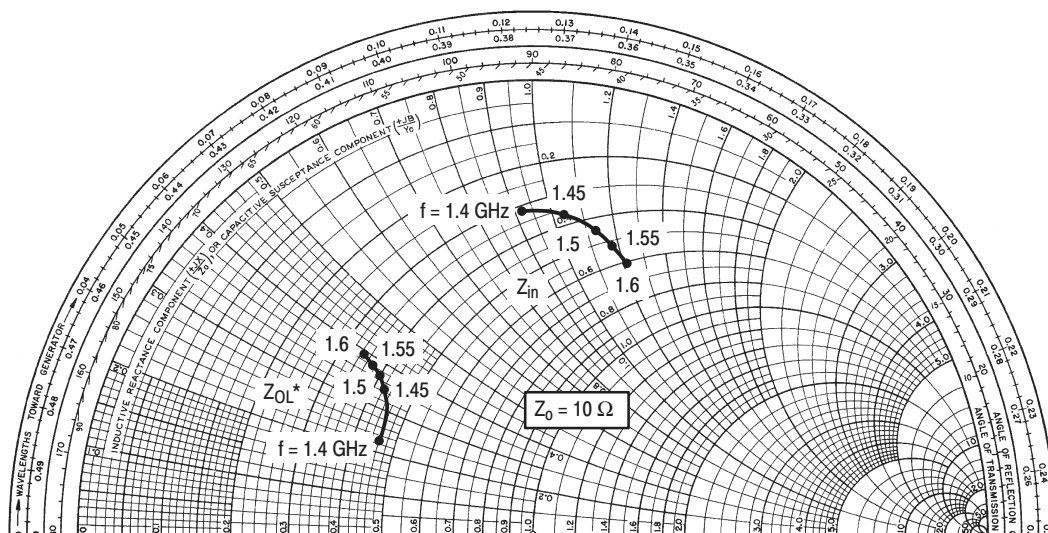


Figure 10. MTBF Factor versus Junction Temperature

The graph above displays calculated MTBF in hours x ampere² emitter current. Life tests at elevated temperatures have correlated to better than ±10% of the theoretical prediction for metal failure. Divide MTBF Factor by I_C^2 for MTBF in a particular application.



| f (MHz) | Z _{in} (Ω) | Z _{OL} * (Ω) |
|---------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1400 | 3.28 + j9.07 | 4.62 + j2.23 |
| 1450 | 3.85 + j10.4 | 4.35 + j3.41 |
| 1500 | 4.55 + j11.4 | 4.08 + j3.60 |
| 1550 | 5.45 + j11.9 | 3.80 + j3.78 |
| 1600 | 6.20 + j12.2 | 3.55 + j3.84 |

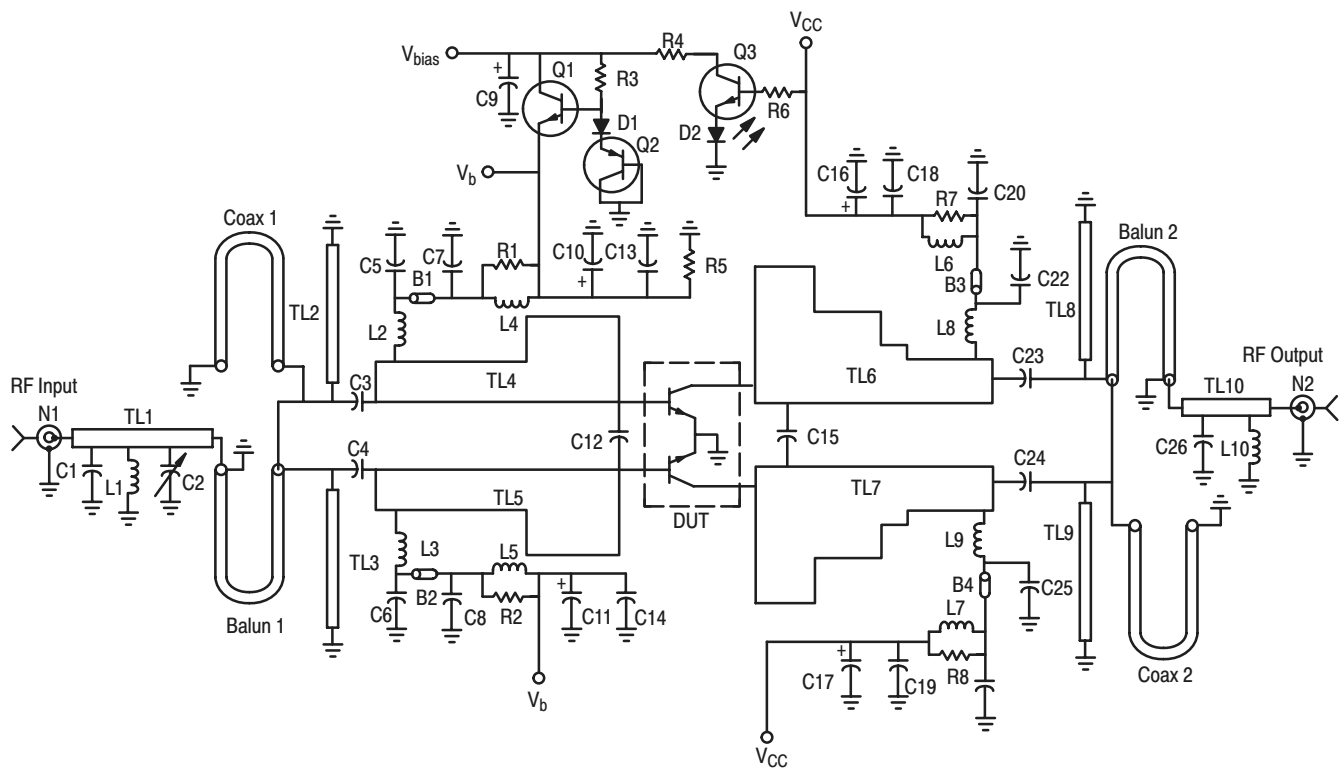
Z_{in} = Input impedance is a balanced base to base measurement.

Z_{OL}* = Conjugate of optimum load impedance collector to collector into which the device operates at a given output power, bias current, voltage and frequency.

Figure 11. Input and Output Impedances with Circuit Tuned for Maximum Gain @ P_{out} = 90 Watts (PEP), V_{CC} = 26 Volts, I_{CQ} = 250 mA, and Driven by Two Equal Amplitude Tones with Separation of 100 KHz

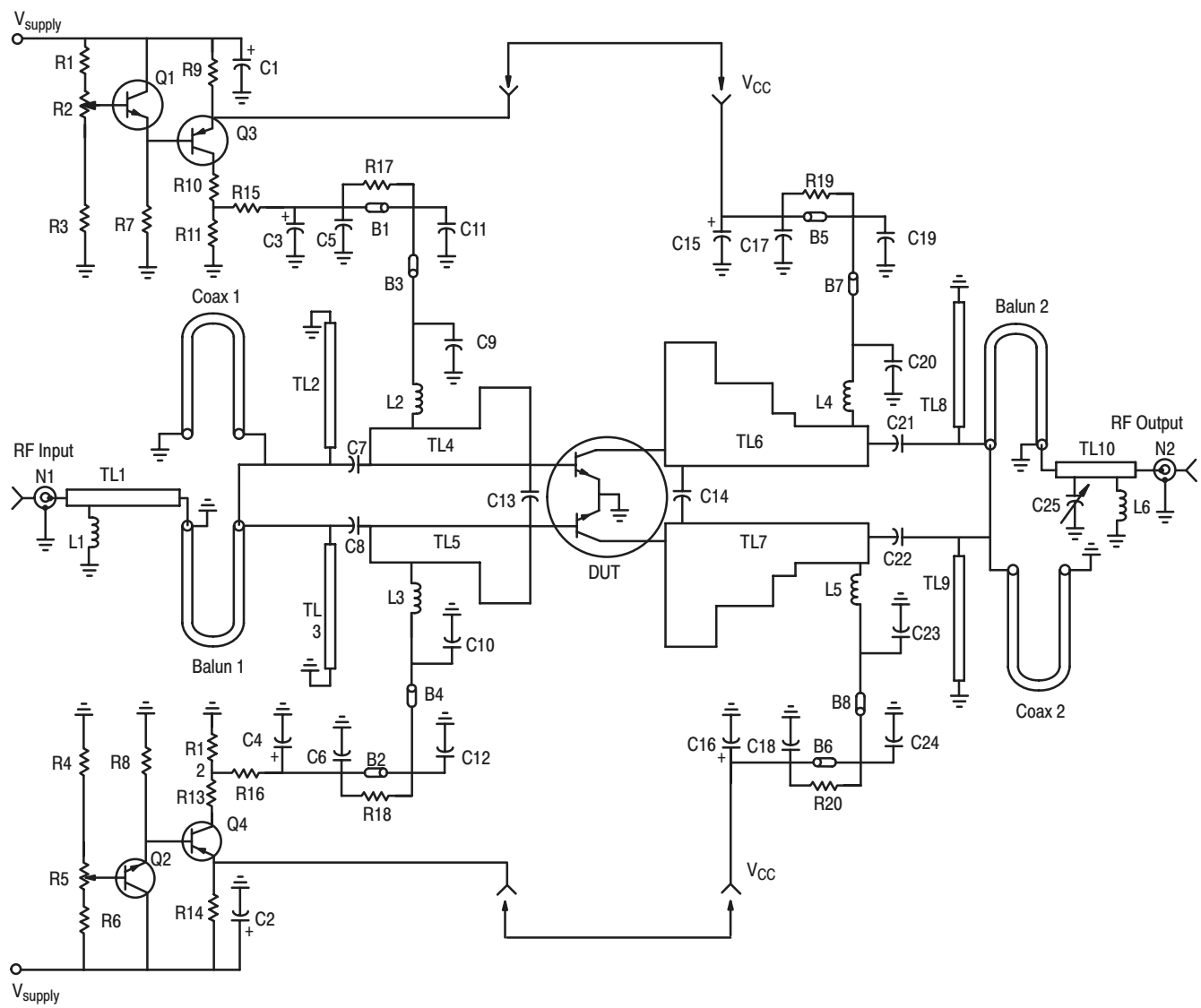
Table 1. Common Emitter S-Parameters (for One Side of Push-Pull MRF15090) at V_{CE} = 24 Vdc, I_C = 2.5 Adc

| f MHz | S ₁₁ | | S ₂₁ | | S ₁₂ | | S ₂₂ | |
|-------|-----------------|-----|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|-----|
| | S ₁₁ | ∠ φ | S ₂₁ | ∠ φ | S ₁₂ | ∠ φ | S ₂₂ | ∠ φ |
| 1000 | 0.999 | 172 | 0.164 | 108 | 0.006 | 72 | 0.957 | 173 |
| 1050 | 0.999 | 171 | 0.179 | 103 | 0.007 | 69 | 0.956 | 172 |
| 1100 | 0.994 | 170 | 0.196 | 97 | 0.007 | 66 | 0.948 | 172 |
| 1150 | 0.992 | 170 | 0.216 | 92 | 0.008 | 63 | 0.940 | 171 |
| 1200 | 0.994 | 169 | 0.241 | 86 | 0.008 | 62 | 0.935 | 171 |
| 1250 | 0.986 | 168 | 0.269 | 80 | 0.009 | 57 | 0.924 | 170 |
| 1300 | 0.982 | 167 | 0.306 | 73 | 0.010 | 51 | 0.915 | 170 |
| 1350 | 0.973 | 166 | 0.351 | 66 | 0.011 | 45 | 0.905 | 170 |
| 1400 | 0.957 | 164 | 0.408 | 56 | 0.012 | 33 | 0.888 | 170 |
| 1450 | 0.938 | 163 | 0.483 | 44 | 0.013 | 22 | 0.876 | 170 |
| 1500 | 0.903 | 162 | 0.571 | 29 | 0.014 | 7 | 0.859 | 171 |
| 1550 | 0.857 | 163 | 0.651 | 10 | 0.014 | -13 | 0.855 | 173 |
| 1600 | 0.821 | 165 | 0.673 | -14 | 0.013 | -40 | 0.877 | 174 |
| 1650 | 0.837 | 169 | 0.623 | -37 | 0.011 | -67 | 0.902 | 174 |
| 1700 | 0.872 | 170 | 0.529 | -56 | 0.009 | -104 | 0.922 | 173 |
| 1750 | 0.901 | 170 | 0.437 | -70 | 0.008 | -138 | 0.931 | 172 |
| 1800 | 0.920 | 170 | 0.363 | -81 | 0.007 | -165 | 0.932 | 171 |
| 1850 | 0.940 | 169 | 0.309 | -90 | 0.008 | 173 | 0.930 | 170 |
| 1900 | 0.954 | 169 | 0.265 | -98 | 0.008 | 150 | 0.932 | 169 |
| 1950 | 0.965 | 168 | 0.232 | -104 | 0.009 | 139 | 0.930 | 169 |
| 2000 | 0.971 | 167 | 0.205 | -110 | 0.010 | 132 | 0.929 | 168 |



| | | | |
|--------------------|--|----------------|--|
| B1, B2, B3, B4 | Ferrite Bead, Ferroxcube | L1 | 1 Turn, 24 AWG, 0.042" ID Choke |
| C1 | 2.7 pF, B Case Chip Capacitor, ATC | L2, L3, L8, L9 | 3 Turn, 20 AWG, 0.126" ID Choke |
| C2 | 0.6–4.0 pF, Variable Capacitor, Johanson | L4, L5, L6, L7 | 12 Turns, 22 AWG, 0.140" ID Choke |
| C3, C4, C23, C24 | 18 pF, B Case Chip Capacitor, ATC | L10 | 3 Turns, 24 AWG, 0.046" ID Choke |
| C5, C6, C22, C25 | 51 pF, Chip Capacitor, Murata Erie | N1, N2 | Type N Flange Mount RF Connector, Omni Spectra |
| C7, C8, C20, C21 | 1800 pF, Chip Capacitor, Kemit | Q1, Q3 | Transistor, NPN, Motorola (MJD47) |
| C9, C10, C11 | 100 μ F, Electrolytic Capacitor, Mallory | Q2 | Transistor PNP Motorola (BD136) |
| C12 | 5.1 pF, A Case Chip Capacitor, ATC | R1, R2, R7, R8 | 10 Ω , 1/2 W, Resistor |
| C13, C14, C18, C19 | 0.1 μ F, Chip Capacitor, Kemit | R3 | 150 Ω , 1/2 W, Resistor |
| C15 | 1.1 pF, B Case Chip Capacitor, ATC | R4 | 2 x 66 Ω , 1/8 W, Chip Resistors in Parallel, Rohm |
| C16, C17 | 470 μ F, Electrolytic Capacitor, Mallory | R5 | 93 Ω , 1/8 W, Chip Resistor, Rohm |
| C26 | 0.3 pF, B Case Chip Capacitor, ATC | R6 | 22 K Ω , 1/8 W, Chip Resistor, Rohm |
| D1 | Diode, Motorola (MUR5120T3) | TL1 to TL10 | See Photomaster |
| D2 | Light Emitting Diode, Industrial Devices | Board | Glass Teflon [®] , Arlon GX-0300-55-22, $\epsilon_r = 2.55$ |

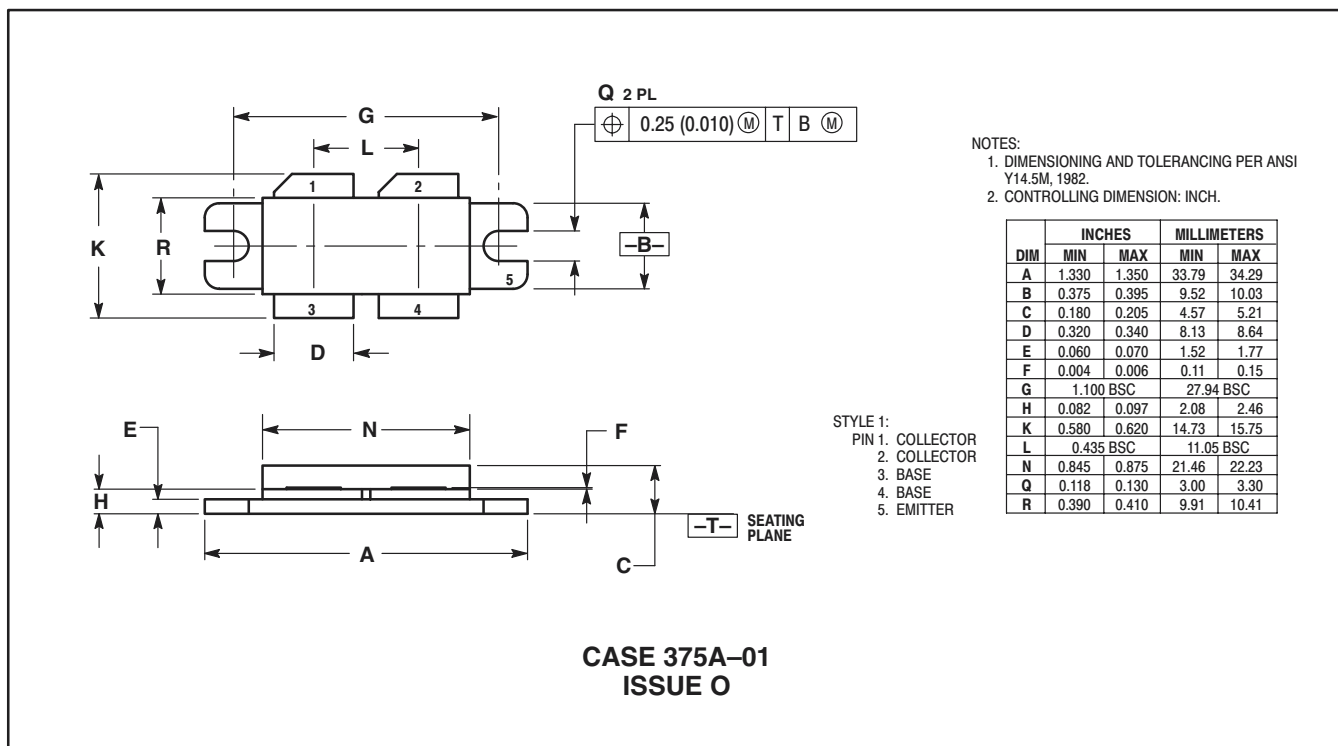
Figure 12. Class AB Test Fixture Electrical Schematic



| | | | |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|--|
| B1, B2, B5, B6 | Long Bead, Fair Rite | N1, N2 | Type N Flange Mount RF Connector, Omni Spectra |
| B3, B4, B7, B8 | Short Bead, Fair Rite | Q1, Q2 | Transistor NPN Motorola (BD135) |
| C1, C2, C3, C4 | 100 μ F, Electrolytic Capacitor, Mallory | Q3, Q4 | Transistor PNP Motorola (BD136) |
| C5, C6, C17, C18 | 0.1 μ F, Chip Capacitor, Kemit | R1, R6 | 250 Ω , 1/8 W, Chip Resistor, Rohm |
| C7, C8, C21, C22 | 18 pF, B Case Chip Capacitor, ATC | R2, R5 | 500 Ω , 1/4 W, Potentiometer, State of the Art |
| C9, C10, C20, C23 | 51 pF, Chip Capacitor, Murata Erie | R3, R4 | 4.7 Ω , 1/8 W, Chip Resistor, Rohm |
| C11, C12, C19, C24 | 1800 pF, Chip Capacitor, Kemit | R7, R8 | 2 x 4.7 K Ω , 1/8 W, Chip Resistors in Parallel, Rohm |
| C13 | 4.3 pF, B Case Chip Capacitor, ATC | R9, R14 | 1.0 Ω , 10 W, Resistor, Dale |
| C14 | 2.0 pF, B Case Chip Capacitor, ATC | R10, R13 | 38 Ω , 1 W, Resistor |
| C15, C16 | 470 μ F, Electrolytic Capacitor, Mallory | R11, R12 | 75 Ω , 1/8 W, Chip Resistor, Rohm |
| C25 | 0.6–4 pF Variable Capacitor, Johanson | R15, R16 | 2 x 10 Ω , 1/8 W, Chip Resistors in Parallel, Rohm |
| L1 | 3 Turns, 24 AWG, 0.046" ID Choke | R17, R18, R19, R20 | 4 x 38 Ω , 1/8 W, Chip Resistors in Parallel, Rohm |
| L2, L3, L4, L5 | 3 Turns, 20 AWG, 0.126" ID Choke | | Glass Teflon [®] , Arlon GX-0300-55-22, $\epsilon_r = 2.55$ |
| L6 | 2 Turns, 24 AWG, 0.042" ID Choke | | |

Figure 13. Class A Test Fixture Electrical Schematic

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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