

LC88FC2F0B

16-bit Microcontroller 384K-byte Flash ROM / 24Kbyte RAM / 100-pin



ON Semiconductor®

www.onsemi.com

Features

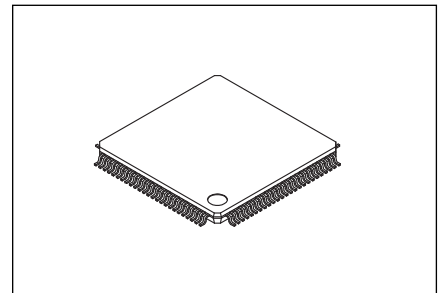
- 16-channel 12-bit resolution AD converter
- Infrared remote controller receiver circuit
- CRC operating circuit
- Internal Reset Function

Performance

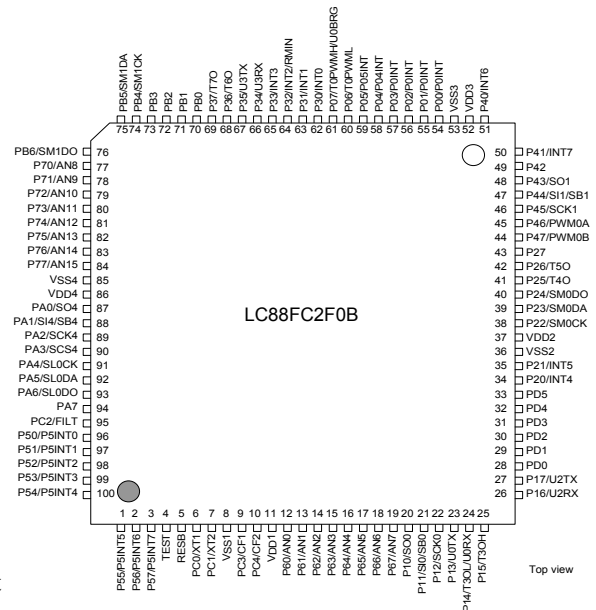
- 83.3ns (12.0MHz), $V_{DD} = 3.0$ to $3.6V$, $T_a = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$
- 100ns (10.0MHz), $V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $3.6V$, $T_a = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$

Function Descriptions

- Xstromy16 CPU
 - 4G-byte address space
 - General-purpose registers : 16 bits \times 16 registers
- Ports
 - I/O Ports 86
 - Power supply pins 8 (V_{SS1} to V_{SS4} , V_{DD1} to V_{DD4})
- Timer
 - 16-bit timers \times 8
 - Base timer serving as a time-of-day clock
- Serial interfaces
 - Synchronous SIO interfaces \times 3 (with automatic transmission capability)
 - Single master I²C/synchronous SIO interface \times 2
 - Slave I²C/synchronous SIO interface
 - Asynchronous SIO (UART) interfaces \times 3
- Multifrequency 12-bit PWM modules
- 16-channel 12-bit resolution AD converter
- Watchdog timer
- Infrared remote controller receiver circuit
- CRC operating circuit
- Real time clock
- System clock frequency divider
- CF oscillator circuit, Crystal oscillator circuit, RC oscillator circuit
- 61-source 14-vector interrupt feature
- On-chip debugger function



TQFP 100,14x14



Pin Assignment (Top view)

Application

- Home audio, White goods

* This product is licensed from Silicon Storage Technology, Inc. (USA).

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 47 of this data sheet.

Function Details

- Xstomy16 CPU
 - 4G-byte address space
 - General-purpose registers: 16 bits × 16 registers

- Flash ROM
 - Programming voltage level: 2.7 to 3.6V.
 - Block-erasable in 2K byte units.
 - Data written in 2-byte units.
 - 393216 × 8 bits

- RAM
 - 24576 × 8 bits

- Minimum instruction cycle time (tCYC)
 - 83.3 ns (12 MHz), $V_{DD} = 3.0$ to 3.6V
 - 100 ns (10 MHz), $V_{DD} = 2.7$ to 3.6V

- Ports
 - Normal withstand voltage I/O ports
 - Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 1 bit units : 86 (P0n P1n, P2n, P3n, P4n, P5n, P6n, P7n, PAn PB0 to PB6, PC2, PD0 to PD5)
 - Oscillation/normal withstand voltage I/O ports : 4 (PC0, PC1, PC3, PC4)
 - Reset pins : 1 (RESB)
 - TEST pins : 1 (TEST)
 - Power pins : 8 (V_{SS1} to 4, V_{DD1} to 4)

- Timers
 - Timer 0: 16-bit timer that supports PWM/toggle outputs
 - <1> 5-bit prescaler
 - <2> 8-bit PWM × 2, 8-bit timer + 8-bit PWM mode selectable
 - <3> Clock source selectable from system clock, OSC0, OSC1, and internal RC oscillator.
 - Timer 1: 16-bit timer with capture registers
 - <1> 5-bit prescaler
 - <2> May be divided into 2 channels of 8-bit timer
 - <3> Clock source selectable from system clock, OSC0, OSC1, and internal RC oscillator
 - Timer 2: 16-bit timer with capture registers
 - <1> 4-bit prescaler
 - <2> May be divided into 2 channels of 8-bit timer
 - <3> Clock source selectable from system clock, OSC0, OSC1, and external events
 - Timer 3: 16-bit timer that supports PWM/toggle outputs
 - <1> 8-bit prescaler
 - <2> 8-bit timer × 2ch or 8-bit timer+8-bit PWM mode selectable
 - <3> Clock source selectable from system clock, OSC0, OSC1, and external events
 - Timer 4: 16-bit timer that supports toggle outputs
 - <1> Clock source selectable from system clock and prescaler 0
 - Timer 5: 16-bit timer that supports toggle output
 - <1> Clock source selectable from system clock and prescaler 0
 - Timer 6: 16-bit timer that supports toggle outputs
 - <1> Clock source selectable from system clock and prescaler 1
 - Timer 7: 16-bit timer that supports toggle output
 - <1> Clock source selectable from system clock and prescaler 1

*Prescaler 0 and 1 are consisted of 4bits and can choose their clock source from OSC0 or OSC1.

- Base timer
 - <1> Clock may be selected from OSC0 (32.768 kHz crystal oscillator) and frequency-divided output of system clock.
 - <2> Interrupts can be generated in 7 timing schemes.

■ Real time clock

- <1> Calender with Jan. 1, 2000 to Dec.31, 2799 including automatic leapyear calculation function.
- <2> Consisted of Independent second-minute-hour-day-month-year-century counters.

■ Serial interfaces

• SIO0: 8-bit synchronous SIO

- <1> LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
- <2> Supports data communication with a data length of 8 bits or less (1 to 8 bits specifiable)
- <3> Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (4 tCYC to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
- <4> Continuous/automatic data transmission (9- to 32768-bit units specifiable)
- <5> Interval function (intervals specifiable in 0 to 64tSCK units)
- <6> Wakeup function

• SIO1: 8-bit synchronous SIO

- <1> LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
- <2> Supports data communication with a data length of 8 bits or less (1 to 8 bits specifiable)
- <3> Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (4 tCYC to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
- <4> Continuous/automatic data transmission (9- to 32768-bit units specifiable)
- <5> Interval function (intervals specifiable in 0 to 64tSCK units)
- <6> Wakeup function

• SIO4: 8-bit synchronous SIO

- <1> LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
- <2> Supports data communication with a data length of 8 bits or less (1 to 8 bits specifiable)
- <3> Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (4 tCYC to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
- <4> Continuous/automatic data transmission (9- to 32768-bit units specifiable)
- <5> Interval function (intervals specifiable in 0 to 64tSCK units)
- <6> Wakeup function

• SMIIC0: Single master I²C/8-bit synchronous SIO

- Mode 0: Single-master mode communication
- Mode 1: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (MSB first)

• SMIIC1: Single master I²C/8-bit synchronous SIO

- Mode 0: Single-master mode communication
- Mode 1: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (MSB first)

• SLIIC0: Slave I²C/8-bit synchronous SIO

- Mode 0: I²C slave mode communication
- Mode 1: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (MSB first)

Note: usable only with the external clock source

• UART0

- <1> Data length : 8 bits (LSB first)
- <2> Start bits : 1 bit
- <3> Stop bits : 1 bit
- <4> Parity bits : None/even parity/odd parity
- <5> Transfer rate : 4/8 cycle
- <6> Baudrate source clock : P07 input signal used as a 1 cycle signal (TOPWMH can be used as a clock source) or Timer4 cycle.
- <7> Full duplex communication

Note: The "cycle" refers to one period of the baudrate clock source.

• UART2

- <1> Data length : 8 bits (LSB first)
- <2> Start bits : 1 bit
- <3> Stop bits : 1/2 bit
- <4> Parity bits : None/even parity/odd parity
- <5> Transfer rate : 8 to 4096 cycle
- <6> Baudrate source clock : System clock/OSC0/OSC1/P26 input signal
- <7> Wakeup function
- <8> Full duplex communication

Note: The "cycle" refers to one period of the baudrate clock source.

• UART3

- <1> Data length : 8 bits (LSB first)
- <2> Start bits : 1 bit
- <3> Stop bits : 1/2 bit
- <4> Parity bits : None/even parity/odd parity
- <5> Transfer rate : 8 to 4096 cycle
- <6> Baudrate source clock : System clock/OSC0/OSC1/P36 input signal
- <7> Wakeup function
- <8> Full duplex communication

Note: The "cycle" refers to one period of the baudrate clock source.

■ AD converter

- <1> 12/8 bits resolution selectable
- <2> Analog input: 16 channels
- <3> Comparator mode

■ PWM

• PWM0: Multifrequency 12-bit PWM × 2 channels (PWM0A and PWM0B)

- <1> 2-channel pairs controlled independently of one another
- <2> Clock source selectable from system clock or OSC1
- <3> 8-bit prescaler: $TPWMR0 = (\text{prescaler value} + 1) \times \text{clock period}$
- <4> 8-bit fundamental wave PWM generator circuit + 4-bit additional pulse generator circuit
- <5> Fundamental wave PWM mode
 - Fundamental wave period : 16 TPWMR0 to 256 TPWMR0
 - High pulse width : 0 to (Fundamental wave period - TPWMR0)
- <6> Fundamental wave + additional pulse mode
 - Fundamental wave period : 16 TPWMR0 to 256 TPWMR0
 - Overall period : Fundamental wave period × 16
 - High pulse width : 0 to (Fundamental wave period - TPWMR0)

■ CRC operating circuit

■ Watchdog timer

- <1> Driven by the base timer + internal watchdog timer dedicated counter
- <2> Interrupt or reset mode selectable

■ Infrared Remote Controller Receiver Circuit

- 1) Noise rejection function (noise filter time constant: Approx. 120 μ s when the 32.768kHz crystal oscillator is selected as the reference clock source)
- 2) Supports data encoding systems such as PPM (Pulse Position Modulation) and Manchester encoding
- 3) X'tal HOLD mode release function

■ Internal Reset Function

• Power-on reset (POR) function

- 1) POR reset is generated only at power-on time.
- 2) The POR release level can be selected through option configuration.

• Low-voltage detection reset (LVD) function

- 1) LVD and POR functions are combined to generate resets when power is turned on and when power voltage falls below a certain level.
- 2) The use/disuse of the LVD function and the low voltage threshold level can be selected by option configuration.

■ Interrupts (peripheral function))

• 61 sources (33 modules), 14 vector addresses

- <1> Provides three levels (low (L), high (H), and highest (X)) of multiplex interrupt control. Any interrupt requests of the level equal to or lower than the current interrupt are not accepted.
- <2> When interrupt requests to two or more vector addresses occur at the same time, the interrupt of the highest level takes precedence over the other interrupts. For interrupts of the same level, the interrupt into the smallest vector address takes precedence.

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| No. | Vector Address | Interrupt Module |
|-----|----------------|---|
| 1 | 08000H | Watchdog timer (1) |
| 2 | 08004H | Base timer (2) |
| 3 | 08008H | Timer 0 (2) |
| 4 | 0800CH | INT0 (1) |
| 5 | 08014H | INT1 (1) |
| 6 | 08018H | INT2 (1)/timer 1 (2)/UART2 (4) |
| 7 | 0801CH | INT3 (1)/timer 2 (4)/SMIIC0 (1)/SLIIC1 (1) |
| 8 | 08020H | INT4 (1)/timer 3 (2)/Infared remote control receiver(4) |
| 9 | 08024H | INT5 (1)/timer 4 (1)/SIO1 (2) |
| 10 | 0802CH | PWM0 (1)/SMIIC1(1) |
| 11 | 08030H | ADC (1)/timer 5 (1)/SIO4(2) |
| 12 | 08034H | INT6 (1)/timer 6 (1)/UART 3 (4) |
| 13 | 08038H | INT7 (1)/SIO0 (2)/SIO0(2) |
| 14 | 0803CH | Port 0 (3)/Port 5 (8)/RTC (1)/CRC (1) |

- 3 priority levels selectable
- Of interrupts of the same level, the one with the smallest vector address takes precedence.
- A number enclosed in parentheses denotes the number of sources.

■ Subroutine stack: RAM area

- Subroutine calls that automatically save PSW, interrupt vector calls: 6 bytes
- Subroutine calls that do not automatically save PSW: 4 bytes

■ Multiplication/division instructions

- 16 bits × 16 bits (4 tCYC execution time)
- 16 bits ÷ 16 bits (18 to 19 tCYC execution time)
- 32 bits ÷ 16 bits (18 to 19 tCYC execution time)

■ Oscillator circuits

- RC oscillator circuit (internal) : For system clock
- CF oscillator circuit (built-in Rf circuit) : For system clock(OSC1)
- Crystal oscillator circuit (built-in Rf circuit) : For low-speed system clock (OSC0)
- SLRC oscillator circuit (internal) : For system clock (In the case of exception processing)
- VCO oscillator circuit : For timer3, 4, 5, 6, 7 clock

■ System clock divider function

- Can run on low current.
- 1/1 to 1/128 of the system clock frequency can be set.

■ Standby function

- HALT mode: Halts instruction execution while allowing the peripheral circuits to continue operation.
 - <1> Oscillation is not stopped automatically.
 - <2> Released by a system reset or occurrence of an interrupt.
- HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits.
 - <1> OSC1, RC, and OSC0 oscillations automatically stop.
 - <2> There are six ways of releasing the HOLD mode:
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
 - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, INT5, INT6, and INT7 pins to the specified level
 - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
 - (4) Having an interrupt source established at port 5
 - (5) Having an interrupt established at SIO0, SIO1 or SIO4
 - (6) Having an interrupt established at UART2 or UART3

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- HOLDX mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits except those which run on OSC0.

<1> OSC1 and RC oscillations automatically stop.

<2> OSC0 maintains the state that is established when the HOLDX mode is entered.

<3> There are nine ways of releasing the HOLDX mode.

- (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
- (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, INT5, INT6, and INT7 pins to the specified level
- (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
- (4) Having an interrupt source established at port 5
- (5) Having an interrupt source established at the base timer circuit
- (6) Having an interrupt established at SIO0, SIO1 or SIO4
- (7) Having an interrupt established at UART2 or UATR3
- (8) Having an interrupt established at Infrared remote control receiver.
- (9) Having an interrupt source established at the real time clock circuit

■ On-chip debugger function

- Supports software debugging with the IC mounted on the target board.
- Supports source line debugging and tracing functions, and breakpoint setting and real time display.
- Single-wire communication

■ Package form

- TQFP100, 14 × 14 : Pb-Free and Halogen Free type

■ Development tools

- On-chip debugger: EOCUIF1 or EOCUIF2 + LC88FC2F0B

■ Programming board

| Package | Programming Board |
|------------------|-------------------|
| TQFP100, 14 × 14 | W88F52TQ |

■ Flash ROM Programmer

| Maker | | Model | Supported Version | Device |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|-----------|
| Flash Support Group Company (FSG) + ON Semiconductor (Note 1) | On-board Single / Gang programmer | AF9101/AF9103(Main body) (FSG models) | (Note 2) | LC88FC2H0 |
| | | SIB88 Type A (Interface driver) (ON Semiconductor model) | | |
| ON Semiconductor | Single / Gang programmer | SKK Type C (SanyoFWS) | Application Version After 1.08 Chip Data Version After 2.46 | LC88FC2H0 |
| | On-board Single programmer | FWS-X16DI Type 2 | Application Version After 1.08 Chip Data Version After 2.45 | LC88FC2H0 |

For information about AF-Series:

Flash Support Group Company. (TOA ELECTRONICS, Inc.)

TEL: +81-53-459-1050

E-mail: sales@j-fsg.co.jp

Note1: On-board-programmer from FSG (AF9101/AF9103) and serial interface driver from our company (SIB88-TypeA) together can give a PC-less, standalone on-board-programming capabilities.

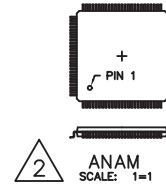
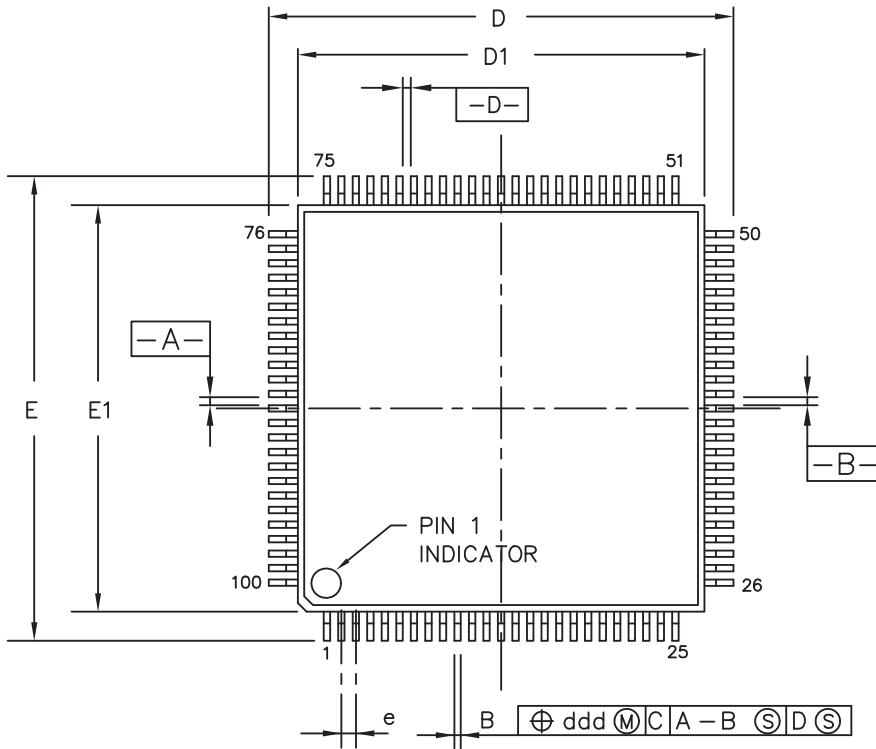
Note2: It needs a special programming devices and applications depending on the use of programming environment. Please ask FSG or our company for the information.

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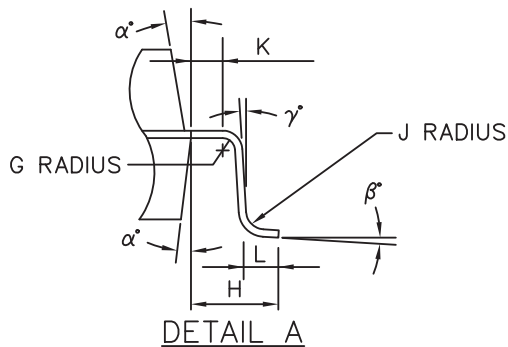
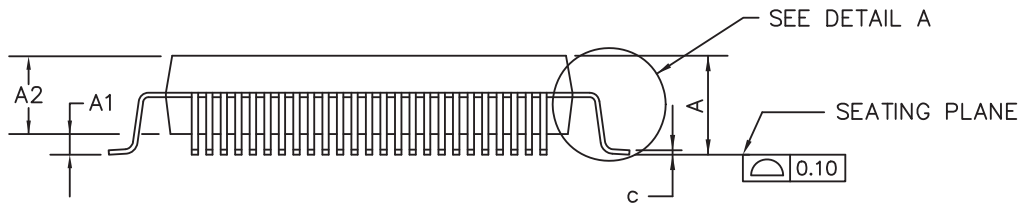
Package Dimensions

unit : mm

TQFP 100, 14x14
CASE 932AN-01
ISSUE O



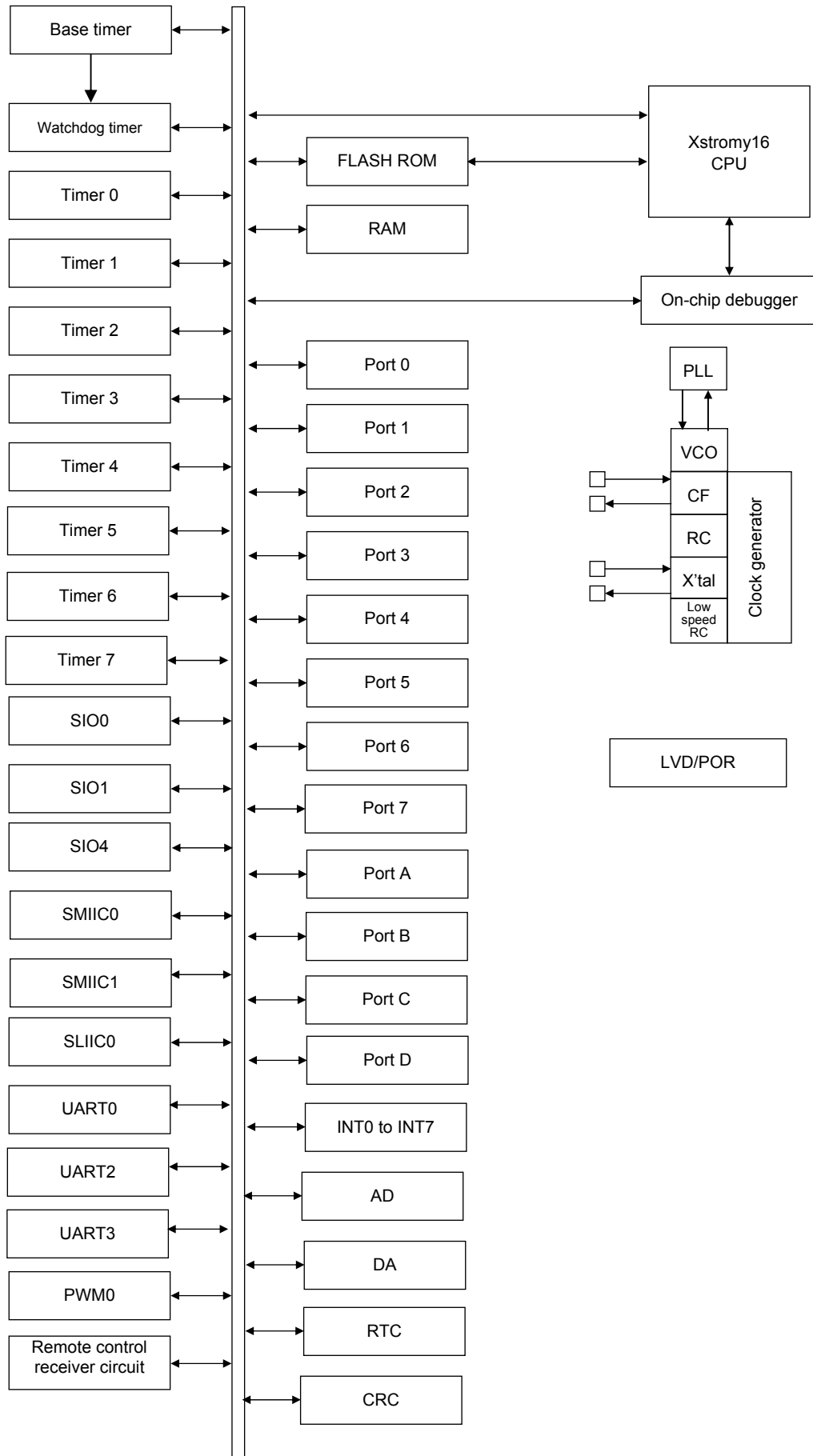
| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX |
|----------------|-----------|------|------|
| A | - | - | 1.20 |
| A1 | 0.05 | - | 0.15 |
| A2 | 0.95 | 1.00 | 1.05 |
| D | 16.00 BSC | | |
| D1 | 14.00 BSC | | |
| E | 16.00 BSC | | |
| E1 | 14.00 BSC | | |
| L | 0.45 | 0.60 | 0.75 |
| e | 0.50 BSC | | |
| B | 0.17 | 0.22 | 0.27 |
| c | 0.09 | - | 0.20 |
| α° | 11 | - | 13 |
| β° | 0 | - | 7 |
| γ° | 0 | - | - |
| G | 0.08 | - | - |
| H | 1.00 REF. | | |
| J | 0.08 | - | 0.20 |
| K | 0.20 | - | - |
| ddd | - | - | 0.08 |



- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- PACKAGE OUTSIDE FEATURES AND PIN 1 INDICATOR VARY FROM VENDOR TO VENDOR.
- THIS PART CONFORMS TO JEDEC 95, MS-026, VARIATION "AED".

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System Block Diagram



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Pin Description

| Pin Name | I/O | Description |
|---------------------------|-----|--|
| VSS1, VSS2, VSS3, VSS4 | – | – power sources |
| VDD1, VDD2, VDD3, VDD4 | – | +power sources |
| Port 0 P00 to P07 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • HOLD release input (P00 to P03, P04, P05) • Port 0 interrupt input (P00 to P03, P04, P05) • Pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> P06: Timer 0L output P07: Timer 0L output/UART0 clock input |
| Port 1 P10 to P17 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • Pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> P10: SIO0 data output P11: SIO0 data input/pulse input/output P12: SIO0 clock input/output P13: UART0 transmit P14: Timer 3L output/UART0 receive P15: Timer 3H output P16: UART2 receive P17: UART2 transmit |
| Port 2 P20 to P27 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • Pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> P20: INT4 input/HOLD release input/timer 3 event input/ timer 2L capture input/timer 2H capture input P21: INT5 input/HOLD release input/timer 3 event input/ timer 2L capture input/timer 2H capture input P22: SMiIC0 clock input/output P23: SMiIC0 bus input/output/data input P24: SMiIC0 data output (used in 3-wire SIO mode) P25: Timer 4 output P26: Timer 5 output Interrupt acknowledge type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INT4, INT5: H level, L level, H edge, L edge, both edges |

Continued on next page.

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| Pin Name | I/O | Description |
|----------------------|-----|---|
| Port 3 P30 to P37 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • Pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> P30: INT0 input/HOLD release/timer 2L capture input P31: INT1 input/HOLD release/timer 2H capture input P32: INT2 input/HOLD release/timer 2 event input/timer 2L capture input/ Infrared Remote Controller Receiver input P33: INT3 input/HOLD release/timer 2 event input/timer 2H capture input P34: UART3 receive P35: UART3 transmit P36: Timer 6 output P37: Timer 7 output Interrupt acknowledge type INT0 to INT3: H level, L level, H edge, L edge, both edges |
| Port 4 P40 to P47 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • Pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> P40: INT6 input/HOLD release input P41: INT7 input/HOLD release input P43: SIO1 data output P44: SIO1 data input/bus input/output P45: SIO1 clock input/output P46: PWM0A output P47: PWM0B output Interrupt acknowledge type INT6, INT7: H level, L level, H edge, L edge, both edges |
| Port 5 P50 to P57 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • HOLD release input • Port 0 interrupt input |
| Port 6 P60 to P67 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • Pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> AN0 (P60) to AN7 (P67): AD converter input port |
| Port 7 P70 to P77 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • Pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> AN8 (P70) to AN15 (P77): AD converter input port |

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| Pin Name | I/O | Description |
|----------------------|-----|--|
| Port A PA0 to PA7 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • Multiplexed pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PA0: SIO4 data output PA1: SIO4 data input/pulse input/output PA2: SIO4 clock input/output PA3: SIO4 chip select input PA4: SLIIC0 clock input PA5: SLIIC0 bus input/output/data input PA6: SLIIC0 data output (used in 3-wire SIO mode) |
| Port B PB0 to PB6 | I/o | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units • Multiplexed pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PB4: SMIIC1 clock input/output PB5: SMIIC1 bus input/output/data input PB6: SMIIC1 data output (used in 3-wire SIO mode) |
| Port C PC0 to PC4 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units(PC2) • Pin functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PC0: 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator input PC1: 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator output PC2: FILT of VCO PC3: Ceramic oscillator input PC4: Ceramic oscillator output/VCO output |
| Port D PD0 to PD5 | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 6-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units |
| TEST | I/O | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TEST pin • Used to communicate with on-chip debugger. • Connects an external 100 kΩ pull-down resistor. |
| RESB | I/O | Reset pin |

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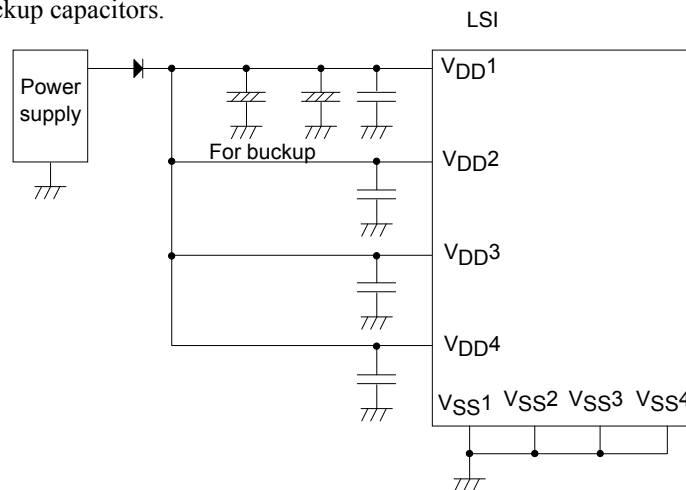
Port Output Types

The table below lists the types of port outputs and the presence/absence of a pull-up resistor. Data can be read into any input port even if it is in the output mode.

| Port Name | Option Selected in Units of | Output Type | Pull-up Resistor |
|--|-----------------------------|--|------------------|
| P00 to P07 | 1 bit | CMOS | Programmable |
| P10 to P17 P20 to P27 P30 to P37 P40 to P47 P50 to P57 P60 to P67 P70 to P77 PA0 to PA7 PB0 to PB6 | | Able to program special functions' output type from CMOS output or Nch-opendrain | |
| P60 to P67 P70 to p77 PD0 to PD5 PC2 | | CMOS | |
| PC0 | – | N-channel open drain (32.768 kHz crystal oscillator input) | None |
| PC1 | – | Nch-open drain (32.768k kHz crystal oscillator output) | None |
| PC3 | – | CMOS (ceramic oscillator input) | None |
| PC4 | – | CMOS (ceramic oscillator output) | None |

* Make the following connection to minimize the noise input to the V_{DD1} pin and prolong the backup time. Be sure to electrically short the V_{SS1}, V_{SS2}, V_{SS3} and V_{SS4} pins.

Example 1: When data is being backed up in the HOLD mode, the H level signals to the output ports are fed by the backup capacitors.



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■ **Absolute Maximum Ratings** at Ta=25°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin /Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|------|-----|----------------------|------|
| | | | | V _{DD} [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Maximum supply voltage | VDD max | VDD1, VDD2, VDD3, VDD4 | VDD1=VDD2=VDD3 = VDD4 | | -0.3 | | +4.6 | V |
| Input voltage | VI (1) | RESB | | | -0.3 | | V _{DD} +0.3 | |
| Input/output voltage | VIO (1) | Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 4,5 Ports 6, 7 Ports A, B, C, D | | | -0.3 | | V _{DD} +0.3 | |
| High level output current | Peak output current | IOPH (1) | Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 P40 to P45 Ports 7, A, D PB2 to PB6 | CMOS output selected Per applicable pin | | | -7.5 | mA |
| | | IOPH (2) | P46, P47 PB0, PB1 | Per applicable pin | | | -12.5 | |
| | | IOPH (3) | Port 5, 6 PC0 to PC4 | Per applicable pin | | | -4.5 | |
| | Average output current (Note 1-1) | IOMH (1) | Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 P40 to P45 Ports 5, 6, 7, A PB2 to PB6 Ports D | CMOS output selected Per applicable pin | | | -5 | |
| | | IOMH (2) | P46, P47 PB0, PB1 | Per applicable pin | | | -10 | |
| | | IOMH (3) | Port 5, 6 PC0 to PC4 | Per applicable pin | | | -3 | |
| | Total output current | ΣIOAH (1) | Pprts 5 PC0 to PC4 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -10 | |
| | | ΣIOAH (2) | Port 6 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -10 | |
| | | ΣIOAH (3) | Port 5, 6 PC0 to PC4 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -20 | |
| | | ΣIOAH (4) | Ports 1,D1 P20 to P21 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -20 | |
| | | ΣIOAH (5) | P22 to P27 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -20 | |
| | | ΣIOAH (6) | Ports 1, 2, D | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -40 | |
| ΣIOAH (7) | | Ports 4 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -20 | | |
| ΣIOAH (8) | | Ports 0, 3 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -20 | | |
| ΣIOAH (9) | | Ports 0, 3, 4 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -40 | | |
| ΣIOAH (10) | | Ports B, 7 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -20 | | |
| ΣIOAH (11) | | Ports A | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -20 | | |
| ΣIOAH (12) | | Ports 7, A, B | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | -40 | | |

Note 1-1: Average output current refers to the average of output currents measured for a period of 100 ms.

Continued on next page.

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Continued from preceding page.

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin /Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|
| | | | | V _{DD} [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Low level output current | Peak output current | IOPL (1) | Ports 0, 1, 3, 4 Ports 7, D P20, P21, P24 to P27 PA0 to PA4, PA6, PA7 PB0 to PB4, PB6, | Per applicable pin | | | 15 | mA |
| | | IOPL (2) | P22, P23 PA4, PA5 PB4, PB5 | Per applicable pin | | | 20 | |
| | | IOPL (3) | Ports 5, 6 PC0 to PC4 | Per applicable pin | | | 7.5 | |
| | Average output current (Note 1-1) | IOML (1) | Ports 0, 1, 3, 4 Ports 7, D P20, P21, P24 to P27 PA0 to PA4, PA6, PA7 PB0 to PB4, PB6, PB7 | Per applicable pin | | | 12.5 | |
| | | IOML (2) | P22, P23 PA4, PA5 PB4, PB5 | Per applicable pin | | | 15 | |
| | | IOML (3) | Ports 5, 6 PC0 to PC4 | Per applicable pin | | | 5 | |
| | Total output current | ΣIOAL (1) | Ports 5 PC0 to PC2 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 10 | |
| | | ΣIOAL (2) | Port 6 PC3 to PC4 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 10 | |
| | | ΣIOAL (3) | Port 5, 6 PC0 to PC4 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 20 | |
| | | ΣIOAL (4) | Ports 1, D P20, P21 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 35 | |
| | | ΣIOAL (5) | P22 to P27 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 35 | |
| | | ΣIOAL (6) | Ports 1, 2, D | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 70 | |
| | | ΣIOAL (7) | Port 4 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 35 | |
| ΣIOAL (8) | | Port 0, 3 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 35 | | |
| ΣIOAL (9) | | Port 0, 3, 4 | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 70 | | |
| ΣIOAL (10) | | Port 7, B | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 35 | | |
| ΣIOAL (11) | | Port A | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 35 | | |
| ΣIOAL (12) | | Port 7, A, B | Total of currents at applicable pins | | | 70 | | |
| Allowable power dissipation | Pd max | TQFP100 | Ta=-40 to +85°C Package with thermal resistance board (Note 1-2) | | | 460 | mW | |
| Operating ambient temperature | Topr | | | | -40 | +85 | °C | |
| Storage ambient temperature | Tstg | | | | -55 | +125 | | |

Note 1-1: Average output current refers to the average of output currents measured for a period of 100 ms.

Note 1-2: SEMI standards thermal resistance board (size : 76.1× 114.3 × 1.6 tmm, glass epoxy) is used.

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

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■ **Allowable Operating Conditions** at Ta=-40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | unit |
|--|-----------|---|---|---------------|----------------|-----|---------|------|
| | | | | VDD [V] | min | typ | max | |
| Operating supply voltage (Note 2-1) | VDD (1) | VDD1=VDD2=VDD3 | 0.081μs≤tCYC≤66μs | | 3.0 | | 3.6 | V |
| | | | 0.098μs≤tCYC≤66μs | | 2.7 | | 3.6 | |
| Memory sustaining supply voltage | VHD | VDD1=VDD2=VDD3 | RAM and register contents sustained in HOLD mode | | 2.0 | | 3.6 | |
| High level input voltage | VIH (1) | Ports 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 Port 5, A, B | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.3VDD +0.7 | | VDD | |
| | VIH (2) | Ports 6, 7, D, PC2 | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.3VDD +0.7 | | VDD | |
| | VIH (3) | RESB PC0, PC1, PC3, PC4 | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.75VDD | | VDD | |
| | VIH (4) | P22, P23, PA4, PA5, PB4, PB5 I2C side | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.7VDD | | VDD | |
| Low level input voltage | VIL (1) | When ports 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, A and port B, PnFSAn=0 Ports 0, 6, 7, D, PC2 | | 2.7 to 3.6 | VSS | | 0.2VDD | |
| | VIL (2) | When ports 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, A and port B, PnFSAn=1 | | 2.7 to 3.6 | VSS | | 0.2VDD | |
| | VIL (3) | CF1, RESB PC0, PC1, PC3, PC4 | | 2.7 to 3.6 | VSS | | 0.25VDD | |
| | VIL (4) | P22, P23, PA4, PA5, PB4, PB5 I2C side | | 2.7 to 3.6 | VSS | | 0.3VDD | |
| Instruction cycle time (Note 2-2) | tCYC | | | 3.0 to 3.6 | 0.081 | | 66 | μs |
| | | | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.098 | | 66 | |
| External system clock frequency | FEXCF (1) | CF1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ CF2 pin open ▪ System clock frequency division ratio = 1/1 | 3.0 to 3.6 | 0.1 | | 12 | MHz |
| | | | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.1 | | 10 | |
| | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ CF2 pin open ▪ System clock frequency division ratio = 1/2 | 3.0 to 3.6 | 0.2 | | 24 | |
| | | | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.2 | | 20 | |

Note 2-1: Relationship between tCYC and oscillation frequency is 1/FmCF when frequency division ratio is 1/1 and 2/FmCF when the ratio is 1/2.

Continued on next page.

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Continued from preceding page.

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin /Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|--|----------|-------------------------|--|---------------------|-----|----------|-----|------|
| | | | | V _{DD} [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Oscillation frequency range (Note 2-3) | FmCF (1) | PC3 (CF1), PC4 (CF2) | 12 MHz ceramic oscillator mode See Fig. 1. | 3.0 to 3.6 | | 12 | | MHz |
| | FmCF (2) | PC3(CF1), PC4(CF2) | 10 MHz ceramic oscillator mode See Fig. 1. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 10 | | |
| | FmRC | | Internal RC oscillation | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 2.0 | |
| | FmSLRC | | Internal low-speed RC oscillation | 2.7 to 3.6 | 18 | 30 | 45 | kHz |
| | FsX'tal | XT1, XT2 | 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator mode See Fig. 2. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 32.768 | | |
| | FmVCO(1) | | VCO oscillator When setting FRQSEL=0 See Fig. 9. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 12 | | 28 | MHz |
| | FmVCO(2) | | VCO oscillator When setting FRQSEL=1 See Fig. 9. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 38 | | 70 | |
| | FmVCO(5) | | VCO oscillator | 2.7 to 3.6 | | Note 2-3 | | |

Note 2-2: See Tables 1 and 2 for oscillator constant values.

Note 2-3: VCO oscillation frequency = Ceramic oscillator frequency × Setting point of SELREF

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

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■ **Electrical Characteristics** at Ta=−40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin /Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--|---|---------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----|------|
| | | | | VDD [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| High level input current | I _{IH} (1) | Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 4, 5 Ports 6, 7 Ports A, B,C, D RESB | Output disabled Pull-up resistor off V _{IN} =V _{DD} (including output Tr. off leakage current) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1 | μA |
| Low level input current | I _{IL} (1) | Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 4, 5 Ports 6, 7 Ports A, B, C, D RESB | Output disabled Pull-up resistor off V _{IN} =V _{SS} (including output Tr. off leakage current) | 2.7 to 3.6 | −1 | | | |
| High level output voltage | VOH (1) | Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Ports 5, 6 | I _{OH} =−0.4mA | 3.0 to 3.6 | V _{DD} −0.4 | | | V |
| | VOH (2) | Ports A, D, PC2 P40 to P45 PB2 to PB6 | I _{OH} =−0.2mA | 2.7 to 3.6 | V _{DD} −0.4 | | | |
| | VOH (3) | P46, P47 | I _{OH} =−1.6mA | 3.0 to 3.6 | V _{DD} −0.4 | | | |
| | VOH (4) | PB0, PB1 | I _{OH} =−1.0mA | 2.7 to 3.6 | V _{DD} −0.4 | | | |
| | VOH (5) | PC0, PC1, PC3, PC4, | I _{OH} =−1.0mA | 3.0 to 3.6 | V _{DD} −0.4 | | | |
| | VOH (6) | | I _{OH} =−0.4mA | 2.7 to 3.6 | V _{DD} −0.4 | | | |
| Low level output voltage | VOL (1) | Ports 0, 1, 3, 4 Ports 5, 6, 7, D PC2 | I _{OL} =1.6mA | 3.0 to 3.6 | | | 0.4 | V |
| | VOL (2) | P20 to P21, P24 to P27 PA0 to PA3 PA6 to PA7 PB0 to PB3, PB6 | I _{OL} =1.0mA | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 0.4 | |
| | VOL (3) | P22, P23, | I _{OL} =3.0mA | 3.0 to 3.6 | | | 0.4 | |
| | VOL (4) | PA4, PA5, PB4, PB5 | I _{OL} =1.3mA | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 0.4 | |
| | VOL (5) | PC0, PC1, PC3, PC4, | I _{OL} =1.0mA | 3.0 to 3.6 | | | 0.4 | |
| | VOL (6) | | I _{OL} =0.4mA | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 0.4 | |
| Pull-up resistor | R _{pu} (1) | Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Ports 4, 5, 6, 7 | VOH=0.9V _{DD} | 3.0 to 3.6 | 15 | 35 | 80 | kΩ |
| | R _{pu} (2) | Ports A, B, D, PC2 | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 15 | 35 | 100 | |
| Hysteresis voltage | VHYS | RESB When ports 1, 2, 3, 4, A, B PnFSAn=1 | | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 0.1V _{DD} | | V |
| Pin capacitance | CP | All pins | Pins other than that under test V _{IN} =V _{SS} f=1 MHz Ta=25°C | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 10 | | pF |

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

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■ **Serial I/O Characteristics** at Ta=−40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

1-1. Serial I/O Characteristics (Wakeup Function Disabled) (Note 4-1-1)

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------------|---|--|---|---------------|---|-------------|------|------|----|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | | |
| Serial clock | Input clock | Period | tSCK (1) | SCK0 (P12) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tCYC | |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (1) | | | | 2 | | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (1) | | | | 2 | | | | |
| | | | tSCKHA (1) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatic communication mode • See Fig. 6. | | | 6 | | | | |
| | | tSCKHBSY (1a) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatic communication mode • See Fig. 6. | 23 | | | | | | | |
| | | tSCKHBSY (1b) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mode other than automatic communication mode • See Fig. 6. | 4 | | | | | | | |
| | Output clock | Period | tSCK (2) | SCK0 (P12) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMOS output selected • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tSCK | |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (2) | | | | 1/2 | | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (2) | | | | 1/2 | | | | |
| | | tSCKHA (2) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatic communication mode • CMOS output selected • See Fig. 6. | 6 | | | | | tCYC | | |
| | | | | tSCKHBSY (2a) | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Automatic communication mode • CMOS output selected • See Fig. 6. | 4 | | | 23 |
| | | | | tSCKHBSY (2b) | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mode other than automatic communication mode • See Fig. 6. | 4 | | | |
| Serial input | Data setup time | tsDI (1) | SI0 (P11), SB0 (P11) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.03 | | | | | |
| | Data hold time | thDI (1) | | | | 0.03 | | | | | |
| Serial output | Output delay time | tdD0 (1) | SO0 (P10), SB0 (P11) | • (Note 4-1-2) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1tCYC +0.05 | μs | | |
| | | tdDO (2) | • (Note 4-1-2) | | | | 1tCYC +0.05 | | | | |

Note 4-1-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-1-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

1-2. SIO0 Serial Input/Output Characteristics (Wakeup Function Enabled) (Note 4-2-1)

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|---------------------|---------------|-----|-----|------|-------------|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | |
| Serial clock | Input clock | Period | tSCK (3) | SCK0 (P12) | • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 2 | | | tCYC |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (3) | | | | 1 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (3) | | | | 1 | | | |
| | | | tSCKHBSY (3) | | | | 2 | | | |
| Serial input | Data setup time | tsDI (2) | SIO (P11), SB0 (P11) | • Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.03 | | | μs | |
| | Data hold time | thDI (2) | | | | 0.03 | | | | |
| Serial output | Input clock | Output delay time | tdD0 (3) | SO0 (P10), SB0 (P11) | • (Note 4-2-2) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | | 1tCYC +0.05 |

Note 4-2-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-2-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

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2-1. SIO1 Serial Input/Output Characteristics (Wakeup Function Disabled) (Note 4-3-1)

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|---|---------------|----------------|---|-------------|------|-------------|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | | |
| Serial clock | Input clock | Period | tSCK (4) | SCK1 (P45) | • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tCYC | |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (4) | | | | 2 | | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (4) | | | | 2 | | | | |
| | | | tSCKHA (4) | | | | 6 | | | | |
| | | tSCKHBSY (4a) | 23 | | | | | | | | |
| | | tSCKHBSY (4b) | | | | | 4 | | | | |
| | Output clock | Period | tSCK (5) | SCK1 (P45) | • CMOS output selected • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tSCK | |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (5) | | | | 1/2 | | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (5) | | | | 1/2 | | | | |
| | | tSCKHA (5) | tSCKHBSY (5a) | | | | tSCKHBSY (5b) | • Automatic communication mode • CMOS output selected • See Fig. 6. | 6 | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | 23 | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Serial input | Data setup time | tsDI (3) | SI1 (P44), SB1 (P44) | • Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.03 | | | | | |
| | Data hold time | thDI (3) | | | | 0.03 | | | | | |
| Serial output | Input clock | Output delay time | tdD0 (4) | SO1 (P43), SB1 (P44) | • (Note 4-3-2) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1tCYC +0.05 | μs | |
| | | Output clock | tdDO (5) | | | | • (Note 4-3-2) | | | | 1tCYC +0.05 |

Note 4-3-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-3-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

2-2. SIO1 Serial Input/Output Characteristics (Wakeup Function Enabled) (Note 4-4-1)

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|---------------------|---------------|-----|-----|------|-------------|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | |
| Serial clock | Input clock | Period | tSCK (6) | SCK1 (P45) | • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 2 | | | tCYC |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (6) | | | | 1 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (6) | | | | 1 | | | |
| | | | tSCKHBSY (6) | | | | 2 | | | |
| Serial input | Data setup time | tsDI (4) | SI1 (P44), SB1 (P44) | • Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.03 | | | μs | |
| | Data hold time | thDI (4) | | | | 0.03 | | | | |
| Serial output | Input clock | Output delay time | tdD0 (6) | SO1 (P43), SB1 (P44) | • (Note 4-4-2) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | | 1tCYC +0.05 |

Note 4-4-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-4-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

3-1. SIO4 Serial Input/Output Characteristics (Wakeup Function Disabled) (Note 4-5-1)

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|---|----------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|--|--|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | | | |
| Serial clock | Input clock | Period | tSCK (7) | SCK4 (PA2) | • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tCYC | | |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (7) | | | | 2 | | | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (7) | | | | 2 | | | | | |
| | | | tSCKHA (7) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | tSCKHBSY (7a) | | | | | | | 6 | | | |
| | | tSCKHBSY (7b) | | | | | | | 23 | | | |
| | Output clock | Period | tSCK (8) | SCK4 (PA2) | • CMOS output selected • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tSCK | | |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (8) | | | | 1/2 | | | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (8) | | | | 1/2 | | | | | |
| | | | tSCKHA (8) | | | | | | | | | |
| tSCKHBSY (8a) | | | | 6 | | | tCYC | | | | | |
| tSCKHBSY (8b) | | | | 4 | | 23 | | | | | | |
| Serial input | Data setup time | tsDI (5) | SI4 (PA1), SB4 (PA1) | • Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.03 | | | | | | |
| | Data hold time | thDI (5) | | | | 0.03 | | | | | | |
| Serial output | Output delay time | tdD0 (7) | SO4 (PA0), SB14(PA1) | • (Note 4-5-2) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1tCYC +0.05 | μs | | | |
| | | tdDO (8) | | | | • (Note 4-5-2) | | | | 1tCYC +0.05 | | |

Note 4-5-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-5-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

3-2. SIO4 Serial Input/Output Characteristics (Wakeup Function Enabled) (Note 4-6-1)

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|---------------------|---------------|-----|-----|------|-------------|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | |
| Serial clock | Input clock | Period | tSCK (9) | SCK4 (P45) | • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 2 | | | tCYC |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (9) | | | | 1 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (9) | | | | 1 | | | |
| | | | tSCKHBSY (9) | | | | 2 | | | |
| Serial input | Data setup time | tsDI (6) | SI4 (P44), SB4 (P44) | • Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.03 | | | μs | |
| | Data hold time | thDI (6) | | | | 0.03 | | | | |
| Serial output | Input clock | Output delay time | tdD0 (9) | SO4 (P43), SB4(P44) | • (Note 4-6-2) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | | 1tCYC +0.05 |

Note 4-6-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-6-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

4-1. SMII0 Simple SIO Mode Input/Output Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|---------------|-----|----------------|------|------|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | |
| Serial clock | Input clock | Period | tSCK (10) | SM0CK (P22) | See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tCYC |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (10) | | | | 2 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (10) | | | | 2 | | | |
| | Output clock | Period | tSCK (11) | SM0CK (P22) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ CMOS output selected ▪ See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tSCK |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (11) | | | | 1/2 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (11) | | | | 1/2 | | | |
| Serial input | Data setup time | tsDI (7) | SM0DA (P23), | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK ▪ See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.03 | | | | |
| | Data hold time | thDI (7) | | | | 0.03 | | | | |
| Serial output | Output delay time | tdD0 (10) | SM0DO (P24), SM0DA (P23) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK ▪ Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. ▪ See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1tCYC +0.05 | μs | |

Note 4-7-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

4-2. SMIIC0 I²C Mode Input/Output Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | |
|---|--------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------|--|----------|----------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | |
| Clock | Input clock | Period | tSCL | SM0CK (P22) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 5 | | | Tfilt |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCLL | | | | 2.5 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCLH | | | | 2 | | | |
| | Output clock | Period | tSCLx | SM0CK (P22) | • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 10 | | | tSCL |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCLLx | | | | 1/2 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCLHx | | | | 1/2 | | | |
| SM0CK and SM0DA pins input spike suppression time | | tsp | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1 | Tfilt | |
| Bus release time between start and stop | | Input | tBUF | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 2.5 | | | Tfilt |
| | | | Output | tBUFx | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | | • Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | 5.5 | | |
| | | • High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | | | | 1.6 | | | |
| Start/restart condition hold time | | Input | tHD;STA | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • When SMIIC register control bit, I2CSHDS=0 • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 2.0 | | | Tfilt |
| | | | | | • When SMIIC register control bit I2CSHDS=1 • See Fig. 8. | | 2.5 | | | |
| | | Output | tHD;STAx | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | 4.1 | | | μs |
| | | | | | • High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | 1.0 | | | |
| Restart condition setup time | | Input | tSU;STA | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 1.0 | | | Tfilt |
| | | | | | | | Output | tSU;STAx | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. |
| | | • High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | 1.6 | | | | | | | |

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| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|------------|---------------|-----|------|-------|
| | | | | V _{DD} [V] | Min | typ | max | Unit | |
| Stop condition setup time | Input | tSU;STO | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 1.0 | | | Tfilt |
| | Output | tSU;STOx | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. • High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | 4.9 | | | μs |
| Data hold time | Input | tHD;DAT | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0 | | | Tfilt |
| | Output | tHD;DATx | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | 1 | | 1.5 | |
| Data setup time | Input | tSU;DAT | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 1 | | | Tfilt |
| | Output | tSU;DATx | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | tSCL-1.5Tfilt | | | |
| SM0CK and SM0DA pins fall time | Input | tF | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 300 | ns |
| | Output | tF | SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23) | • When SMIIC register control bits PSLW=1, P5V=1 • SM0CK, SM0DA port output FAST mode • Cb≤400pF | 3 | 20+0.1Cb | | 250 | |
| | | | | | 3.0 to 3.6 | | | 100 | |

Note 4-8-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-8-2: The value of Tfilt is determined by the values of the register SMIC0BRG, bits 7 and 6 (BRP1, BRP0) and the system clock frequency.

| BRP1 | BRP0 | Tfilt |
|------|------|--------|
| 0 | 0 | tCYC×1 |
| 0 | 1 | tCYC×2 |
| 1 | 0 | tCYC×3 |
| 1 | 1 | tCYC×4 |

Set bits (BPR1, BPR0) so that the value of Tfilt falls between the following range:

$$250 \text{ ns} \geq T_{\text{filt}} > 140 \text{ ns}$$

Note 4-8-3: Cb represents the total loads (in pF) connected to the bus pins. Cb ≤ 400 pF

Note 4-8-4: The standard clock mode refers to a mode that is entered by configuring SMIC0BRG as follows:

$$250 \text{ ns} \geq T_{\text{filt}} > 140 \text{ ns}$$

$$\text{BRDQ (bit5)} = 1$$

$$\text{SCL frequency setting} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$$

The high-speed clock mode refers to a mode that is entered by configuring SMIC0BRG as follows:

$$250 \text{ ns} \geq T_{\text{filt}} > 140 \text{ ns}$$

$$\text{BRDQ (bit5)} = 0$$

$$\text{SCL frequency setting} \leq 400 \text{ kHz}$$

5-1. SM1IC1 Simple SIO Mode Input/Output Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|---------------|-----|----------------|------|------|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | |
| Serial clock | Input clock | Period | tSCK (12) | SM0CK (PB4) | See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tCYC |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (12) | | | | 2 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (12) | | | | 2 | | | |
| | Output clock | Period | tSCK (13) | SM0CK (PB4) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ CMOS output selected ▪ See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tSCK |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (13) | | | | 1/2 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (13) | | | | 1/2 | | | |
| Serial input | Data setup time | tsDI (8) | SM0DA (PB5), | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK ▪ See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.03 | | | | |
| | Data hold time | thDI (8) | | | | 0.03 | | | | |
| Serial output | Output delay time | tdD0 (12) | SM0DO (PB6), SM0DA (PB5) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK ▪ Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. ▪ See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1tCYC +0.05 | μs | |

Note 4-9-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

5-2. SMIIC1 I²C Mode Input/Output Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | |
|---|--------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------|--|----------|----------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | |
| Clock | Input clock | Period | tSCL | SM1CK (PB4) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 5 | | | Tfilt |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCLL | | | | 2.5 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCLH | | | | 2 | | | |
| | Output clock | Period | tSCLx | SM1CK (PB4) | • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 10 | | | tSCL |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCLLx | | | | 1/2 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCLHx | | | | 1/2 | | | |
| SM0CK and SM0DA pins input spike suppression time | | tsp | SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1 | Tfilt | |
| Bus release time between start and stop | | Input | tBUF | SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 2.5 | | | Tfilt |
| | | | Output | tBUFx | SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | | • Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | 5.5 | | |
| | | • High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | | | | 1.6 | | | |
| Start/restart condition hold time | | Input | tHD;STA | SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • When SMIIC register control bit, I2CSHDS=0 • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 2.0 | | | Tfilt |
| | | | | | • When SMIIC register control bit I2CSHDS=1 • See Fig. 8. | | 2.5 | | | |
| | | Output | tHD;STAx | SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | 4.1 | | | μs |
| | | | | | • High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | 1.0 | | | |
| Restart condition setup time | | Input | tSU;STA | SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 1.0 | | | Tfilt |
| | | | | | | | Output | tSU;STAx | SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. |
| | | • High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | 1.6 | | | | | | | |

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| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------|--|--|---------------------|---------------|-----|-----|-------|
| | | | | V _{DD} [V] | Min | typ | max | Unit |
| Stop condition setup time | Input | tSU;STO SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 1.0 | | | Tfilt |
| | Output | tSU;STOx SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. • High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | 4.9 | | | μs |
| Data hold time | Input | tHD;DAT SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0 | | | Tfilt |
| | Output | tHD;DATx SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | 1 | | 1.5 | |
| Data setup time | Input | tSU;DAT SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 1 | | | Tfilt |
| | Output | tSU;DATx SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | tSCL-1.5Tfilt | | | |
| SM0CK and SM0DA pins fall time | Input | tF SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 300 | ns |
| | Output | tF SM1CK (PB4) SM1DA (PB5) | • When SMiIC register control bits PSLW=1, PHV=1 • SM0CK, SM0DA port output FAST mode • Cb ≤ 400pF | 3 | 20+0.1Cb | | 250 | |
| | | | | 3 to 3.6 | | | 100 | |

Note 4-10-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-10-2: The value of Tfilt is determined by the values of the register SMIC1BRG, bits 7 and 6 (BRP1, BRP0) and the system clock frequency.

| BRP1 | BRP0 | Tfilt |
|------|------|--------|
| 0 | 0 | tCYC×1 |
| 0 | 1 | tCYC×2 |
| 1 | 0 | tCYC×3 |
| 1 | 1 | tCYC×4 |

Set bits (BPR1, BPR0) so that the value of Tfilt falls between the following range:

$$250 \text{ ns} \geq T_{\text{filt}} > 140 \text{ ns}$$

Note 4-10-3: Cb represents the total loads (in pF) connected to the bus pins. Cb ≤ 400 pF

Note 4-10-4: The standard clock mode refers to a mode that is entered by configuring SMIC0BRG as follows:

$$250 \text{ ns} \geq T_{\text{filt}} > 140 \text{ ns}$$

$$\text{BRDQ (bit5)} = 1$$

$$\text{SCL frequency setting} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$$

The high-speed clock mode refers to a mode that is entered by configuring SMIC1BRG as follows:

$$250 \text{ ns} \geq T_{\text{filt}} > 140 \text{ ns}$$

$$\text{BRDQ (bit5)} = 0$$

$$\text{SCL frequency setting} \leq 400 \text{ kHz}$$

6-1. SLIC0 Simple SIO Mode Input/Output Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------|---------------|-----|----------------|------|------|
| | | | | | | min | typ | max | unit | |
| Serial clock | Input clock | Period | tSCK (13) | SL0CK (PA4) | See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | | tCYC |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCKL (13) | | | | 2 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCKH (13) | | | | 2 | | | |
| Serial input | Data setup time | tsDI (9) | SL0DA (PA5), | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 0.03 | | | | |
| | Data hold time | thDI (9) | | | | 0.03 | | | | |
| Serial output | Output delay time | tdD0 (13) | SL0DO (PA6), SL0DA (PA5) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. See Fig. 6. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1tCYC +0.05 | μs | |

Note 4-11-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

6-2. SLIIC1 I²C Mode Input/Output Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | V _{DD} [V] | Specification | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-----|-----|-------|---|
| | | | | | | Min | typ | max | Unit | |
| Clock | Input clock | Period | tSCL | SL0CK (PA4) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 5 | | | Tfilt |
| | | Low level pulse width | tSCLL | | | | 2.5 | | | |
| | | High level pulse width | tSCLH | | | | 2 | | | |
| SL0CK and SL0DA pins input spike suppression time | | tsp | SL0CK (PA4) SL0DA (PA5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1 | Tfilt | |
| Bus release time between start and stop | | tBUF | SL0CK (PA4) SL0DA (PA5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 2.5 | | | Tfilt | |
| Start/restart condition hold time | Input | tHD;STA | SL0CK (PA4) SL0DA (PA5) | • When SMIIC register control bit, I2CSHDS=0 | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | | Tfilt | |
| | | | | • See Fig. 8. | | | | | | • When SMIIC register control bit I2CSHDS=1 |
| Restart condition setup time | | tSU;STA | SL0CK (PA4) SL0DA (PA5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 1.0 | | | Tfilt | |
| Stop condition setup time | | tSU;STO | SL0CK (PA4) SL0DA (PA5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 1.0 | | | Tfilt | |
| Data hold time | Input | tHD;DAT | SL0CK (PA4) SL0DA (PA5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | | Tfilt | |
| | Output | tHD;DATx | SL0CK (PA4) SL0DA (PA5) | • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | | | | | 1 |
| Data setup time | Input | tSU;DAT | SL0CK (PA4) SL0DA (PA5) | • See Fig. 8. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | | Tfilt | |
| | Output | tSU;DATx | SL0CK (PA4) SL0DA (PA5) | • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. | | | | | | 1tSCL-1.5Tfilt |

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7. UART0 Operating Conditions at Ta=-40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|---------------|--------|---|------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| | | | | VDD [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Transfer rate | UBR0 | U0RX (P13), U0TX (P14), U0BRG (P07) | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 4 | | 8 | tBGCYC |

Note 4-9: tBGCYC denotes one cycle of the baudrate clock source.

8. UART2 Operating Conditions at Ta=-40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|---------------|--------|----------------------------|------------|---------------|-----|-----|------|--------|
| | | | | VDD [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Transfer rate | UBR2 | U2RX (P16), U2TX (P17), | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 8 | | 4096 | tBGCYC |

Note 4-10: tBGCYC denotes one cycle of the baudrate clock source.

9. UART3 Operating Conditions at Ta=-40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|---------------|--------|----------------------------|------------|---------------|-----|-----|------|--------|
| | | | | VDD [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Transfer rate | UBR3 | U3RX (P34), U3TX (P35), | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 8 | | 4096 | tBGCYC |

Note 4-10: tBGCYC denotes one cycle of the baudrate clock source.

■ Pulse Input Conditions at Ta=-40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---|---|---------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | VDD [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| High/low level pulse width | tPIH (1) tPIL (1) | INT0 (P30), INT1 (P31), INT2 (P32), INT3 (P33), INT4 (P20), INT5 (P21), INT6 (P40), INT7 (P41) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interrupt source flag can be set. • Event inputs for timers 2 and 3 are enabled. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 2 | | | tCYC |
| | tPIL (2) | RESB | Resetting is enabled. | 2.7 to 3.6 | 10 | | | μs |

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■ AD Converter Characteristics at Ta=-40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

1. 12-bit AD Conversion Mode

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin /Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------|---|----------------------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | VDD[V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Resolution | NAD | AN0 (P60) to AN7 (P67), AN8 (P70) to AN15 (P77) | | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 12 | | bit |
| Absolute accuracy | ETAD | | (Note 6-1) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | ±16 | LSB |
| Conversion time | TCAD12 | | Conversion time calculated | 3.0 to 3.6 | 64 | | 115 | μs |
| | | | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 128 | | 230 | |
| Analog input voltage range | VAIN | | | 2.7 to 3.6 | VSS | | VDD | V |
| Analog port input current | IAINH | | VAIN=VDD | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1 | μA |
| | IAINL | VAIN=VSS | 2.7 to 3.6 | -1 | | | | |

- Conversion time calculation formula: $TCAD12 = \left(\frac{52}{AD\ division\ ratio} + 2 \right) \times tCYC$

2. 8-bit AD Conversion Mode

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin /Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------|---|----------------------------|---------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| | | | | VDD [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Resolution | NAD | AN0 (P60) to AN7 (P67), AN8 (P70) to AN15 (P77) | | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 8 | | bit |
| Absolute accuracy | ETAD | | (Note 6-1) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | ±1.5 | LSB |
| Conversion time | TCAD8 | | Conversion time calculated | 3.0 to 3.6 | 39 | | 71 | μs |
| | | | | 2.7 to 3.6 | 79 | | 140 | |
| Analog input voltage range | VAIN | | | 2.7 to 3.6 | VSS | | VDD | V |
| Analog port input current | IAINH | | VAIN=VDD | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 1 | μA |
| | IAINL | VAIN=VSS | 2.7 to 3.6 | -1 | | | | |

- Conversion time calculation formula: $TCAD8 = \left(\frac{52}{AD\ division\ ratio} + 2 \right) \times tCYC$

Note 6-1: The quantization error (±1/2LSB) is excluded from the absolute accuracy.

Note 6-2: The conversion time refers to the interval from the time a conversion starting instruction is issued till the time the complete digital value against the analog input value is loaded in the result register.

The conversion time is twice the normal value when one of the following conditions occurs:

- The first AD conversion is executed in the 12-bit AD conversion mode after a system reset.
- The first AD conversion is executed after the AD conversion mode is switched from 8-bit to 12-bit AD conversion mode.

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■ **Consumption Current Characteristics** at Ta=−40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V
typ : 3.3V

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|--|-----------|---|--|---------------------|-----|------|------|------|
| | | | | V _{DD} [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Normal mode consumption current (Note 7-1) | IDDOP (1) | V _{DD1} =V _{DD2} =V _{DD3} =V _{DD4} | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ FmCF=12 MHz ceramic oscillator mode ▪ FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillation mode ▪ System clock set to 12 MHz ▪ Internal RC oscillation stopped ▪ 1/1 frequency division mode | 3.0 to 3.6 | | 5.5 | 13.0 | mA |
| | IDDOP (2) | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ FmCF=10 MHz ceramic oscillator mode ▪ FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillator mode ▪ System clock set to 10 MHz ▪ Internal RC oscillation stopped ▪ 1/1 frequency division mode | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 5.0 | 12.0 | |
| | IDDOP (3) | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) ▪ FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillator mode ▪ System clock set to internal RC oscillation ▪ 1/1 frequency division mode | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 0.75 | 1.8 | |
| | IDDOP (4) | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) ▪ FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillator mode ▪ System clock set to 32.768 kHz ▪ Internal RC oscillation stopped ▪ 1/1 frequency division mode | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 30 | 120 | μA |

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Continued from preceding page.

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|--|-------------|---|---|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | V _{DD} [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1) | IDDHALT (1) | V _{DD1} =V _{DD2} =V _{DD3} =V _{DD4} | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HALT mode • FmCF=12 MHz ceramic oscillator mode • FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillation mode • System clock set to 12 MHz • Internal RC oscillation stopped • 1/1 frequency division mode | 3.0 to 3.6 | | 1.7 | 3.5 | mA |
| | IDDHALT (2) | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HALT mode • FmCF=10 MHz ceramic oscillator mode • FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillator mode • System clock set to 10 MHz • Internal RC oscillation stopped • 1/1 frequency division mode | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 1.5 | 3.2 | |
| | IDDHALT (3) | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HALT mode • FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) • FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillator mode • System clock set to internal RC oscillation • 1/1 frequency division mode | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 0.2 | 0.8 | |
| | IDDHALT (4) | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HALT mode • FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) • FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillator mode • System clock set to 32.768 kHz • Internal RC oscillation stopped • 1/1 frequency division mode | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 8.5 | 65 | |

Continued on next page.

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Continued from preceding page.

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|--|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | V _{DD} [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| HOLD mode consumption current | IDDHOLD (1) | VDD1 | HOLD mode • CF1=V _{DD} or open (external clock mode) | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 0.2 | 45 | μA |
| | IDDHOLD (2) | | HOLD mode • CF1=V _{DD} or open (external clock mode) • LVD option selected | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 1.2 | 48 | |
| HOLDX mode consumption current | IDDHOLD (3) | | HOLDX mode • CF1=V _{DD} or open (external clock mode) • FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillator mode | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 4.6 | 60 | |
| | IDDHOLD (4) | | HOLDX mode • CF1=V _{DD} or open (external clock mode) • FmX'tal=32.768 kHz crystal oscillator mode • LVD option selected | 2.7 to 3.6 | | 5.6 | 63 | |

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output transistor and internal pull-up resistors.

■ **F-ROM Programming Characteristics** at Ta=-40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Applicable Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Specification | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------------|--|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | V _{DD} [V] | min | typ | max | unit |
| Onboard programming current | IDDFW (1) | VDD1 | • Microcontroller erase current current is excluded. | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 10 | mA |
| Onboard programming time | tFW (1) | | • 2K-byte erase operation | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 25 | ms |
| | tFW (2) | | • 2-byte programming operation | 2.7 to 3.6 | | | 45 | μs |

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■ Power-on Reset (POR) Characteristics at Ta=-40 to +85°C, VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Option selected voltage | Specification | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------------|---|-------------------------|---------------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | min | typ | max | unit |
| Por release voltage | PORRL | | * Select from option. (Note 8-1) | 2.57V | 2.47 | 2.57 | 2.72 | V |
| | | | | 2.87V | 2.77 | 2.87 | 3.02 | |
| Detection voltage unknown state | POUKS | | * See Fig10. (Note 8-2) | | | 0.7 | 0.95 | |
| Power supply rise time | PORIS | | * Power supply rise time from 0V to 1.6V. | | | | 100 | ms |

Note8-1: The POR release level can be selected out of 2 levels only when the LVD reset function is disabled.

Note8-2: POR is in an unknown state before transistors start operation.

■ Low Voltage Detection Reset (LVD) Characteristics at Ta=-40 to +85°C,

VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=VSS4=0V

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin/Remarks | Conditions | Option selected voltage | Specification | | | |
|---|--------|-------------|---|-------------------------|---------------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | min | typ | max | unit |
| LVD reset voltage (Note 9-2) | LVDET | | * Select from option. (Note 9-2) * See Fig. 11. | 2.81V | 2.71 | 2.81 | 2.96 | V |
| LVD hysteresis width | LVHYS | | | 2.81V | | 60 | | mV |
| Detection voltage unknown state | LVUKS | | * See Fig. 11. (Note 9-3) | | | 0.7 | 0.95 | V |
| Low voltage detection minimum width (Replay sensitivity) | TLVDW | | * LVDET-0.5V * See Fig. 12. | | 0.2 | | | mS |

Note9-1: LVD reset voltage specification values do not include hysteresis voltage.

Note9-2: LVD reset voltage may exceed its specification values when port output state changes and/or when a large current flows through port.

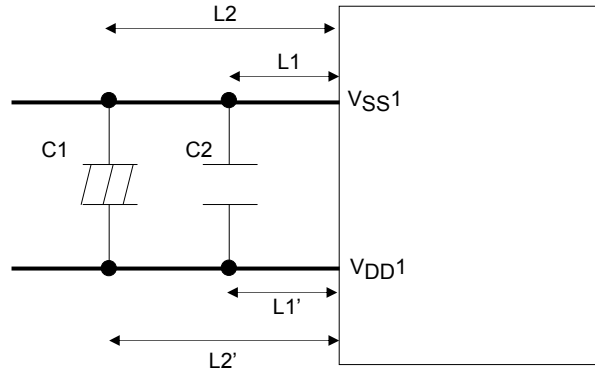
Note9-3: LVD is in an unknown state before transistors start operation.

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■ Power Pin Treatment Conditions 1 (V_{DD1} , V_{SS1})

Connect capacitors that meet the following conditions between the V_{DD1} and V_{SS1} pins:

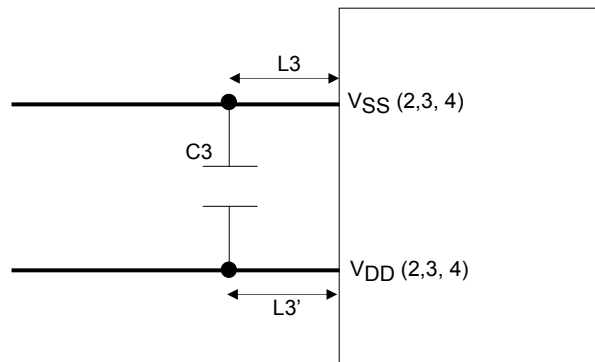
- Connect among the V_{DD1} and V_{SS1} pins and the capacitors C1 and C2 with the shortest possible lead wires, of the same length ($L1=L1'$, $L2=L2'$) wherever possible.
- Connect a large-capacity capacitor C1 and a small-capacity capacitor C2 in parallel.
The capacitance of C2 should be approximately 0.1 μF or larger.
- The V_{DD1} and V_{SS1} traces must be thicker than the other traces.



■ Power Pin Treatment Conditions 2 ($V_{DD}(2, 3, 4)$, $V_{SS}(2, 3, 4)$)

Connect capacitors that meet the following condition between the $V_{DD}(2, 3, 4)$ and $V_{SS}(2, 3, 4)$ pins:

- Connect among the $V_{DD}(2, 3, 4)$ and $V_{SS}(2, 3, 4)$ pins and the capacitor C3 with the shortest possible lead wires, of the same length ($L3=L3'$) wherever possible.
- The capacitance of C3 should be approximately 0.1 μF or larger.
- The $V_{DD}(2, 3, 4)$ and $V_{SS}(2, 3, 4)$ traces must be thicker than the other traces.



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■ Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillation Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample main system clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our Company -designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

■ **Table 1 Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Ceramic Resonator**

| Nominal Frequency | Vendor Name | Resonator | Circuit Constant | | | | Operating Voltage Range [V] | Oscillation Stabilization Time | | Remarks |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| | | | C3 [pF] | C4 [pF] | Rf [Ω] | Rd2 [Ω] | | Typ [ms] | max [ms] | |
| 12 MHz | MURATA | CSTCE12M0G52-R0 | (10) | (10) | OPEN | 330 | 2.2 to 3.6 | 0.02 | 0.2 | C1, C2 integrated type |
| 10 MHz | | CSTCE10M0G52-R0 | (10) | (10) | OPEN | 680 | 2.2 to 2.6 | 0.02 | 0.2 | C1, C2 integrated type |
| | | CSTLS10M0G53-B0 | (15) | (15) | OPEN | 680 | 2.2 to 3.6 | 0.02 | 0.2 | C1, C2 integrated type |

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after V_{DD} goes above the lower limit level of the operating voltage range (see Figure 4)

■ Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample subsystem clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our Company -designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

■ **Table 2 Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Crystal Resonator**

| Nominal Frequency | Vendor Name | Resonator | Circuit Constant | | | | Operating Voltage Range [V] | Oscillation Stabilization Time | | Remarks |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|----------|
| | | | C3 [pF] | C4 [pF] | Rf2 [Ω] | Rd2 [Ω] | | typ [s] | max [s] | |
| 32.768 kHz | EPSON TOYOCOM | MC-306 | 10 | 10 | Open | 330K | 2.2 to 3.6 | 1.0 | 3.0 | CL=7.0pF |

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the instruction for starting the subclock oscillator circuit is executed plus the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the HOLD mode is released (see Figure 4).

Note: The traces to and from the components that are involved in oscillation should be kept as short as possible as the oscillation characteristics are affected by their trace pattern.

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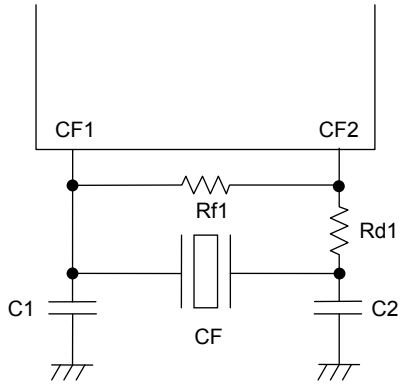


Figure 1 CF oscillator circuit

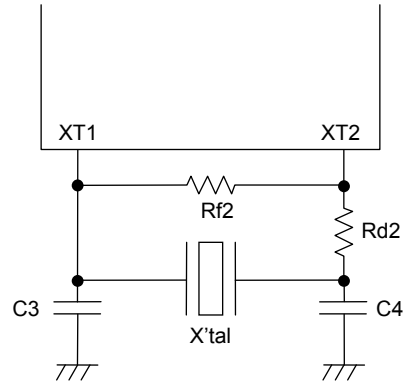


Figure 2 XT Oscillator Circuit

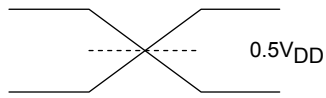
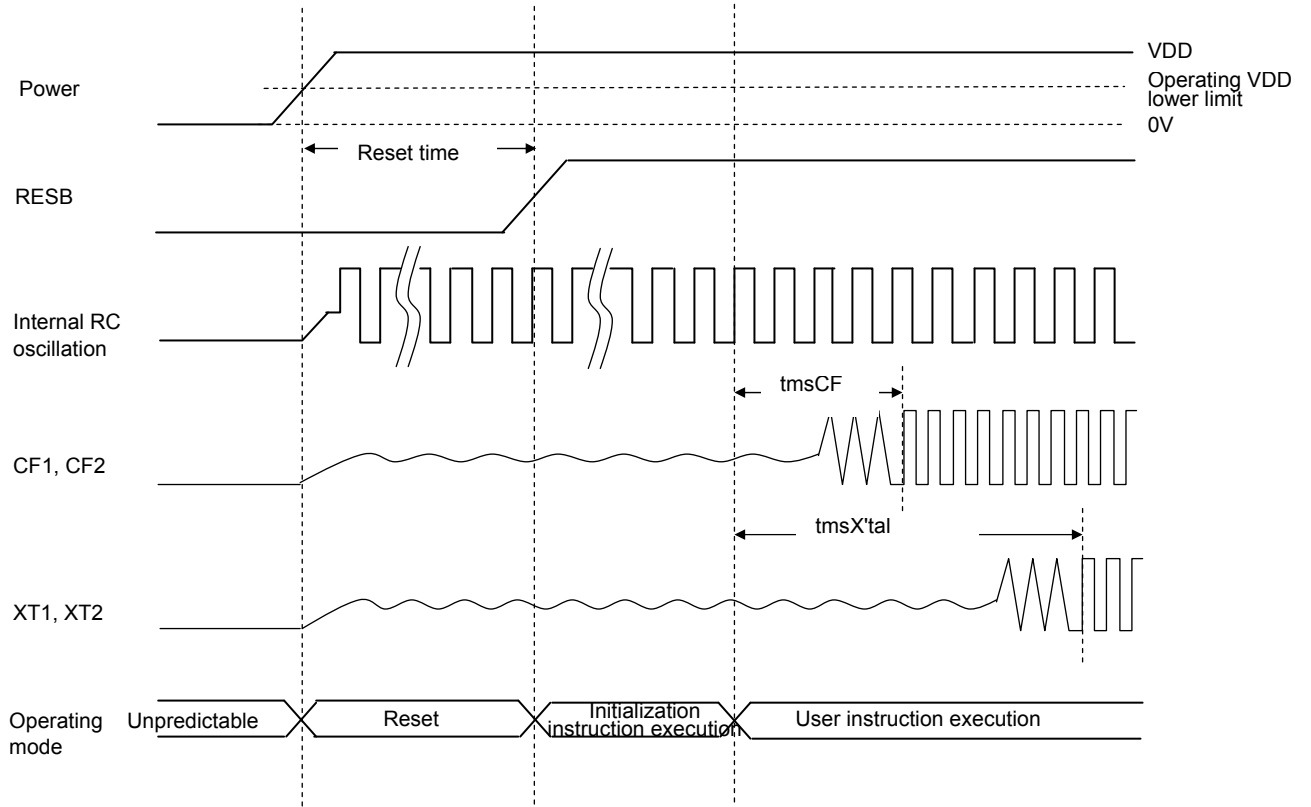
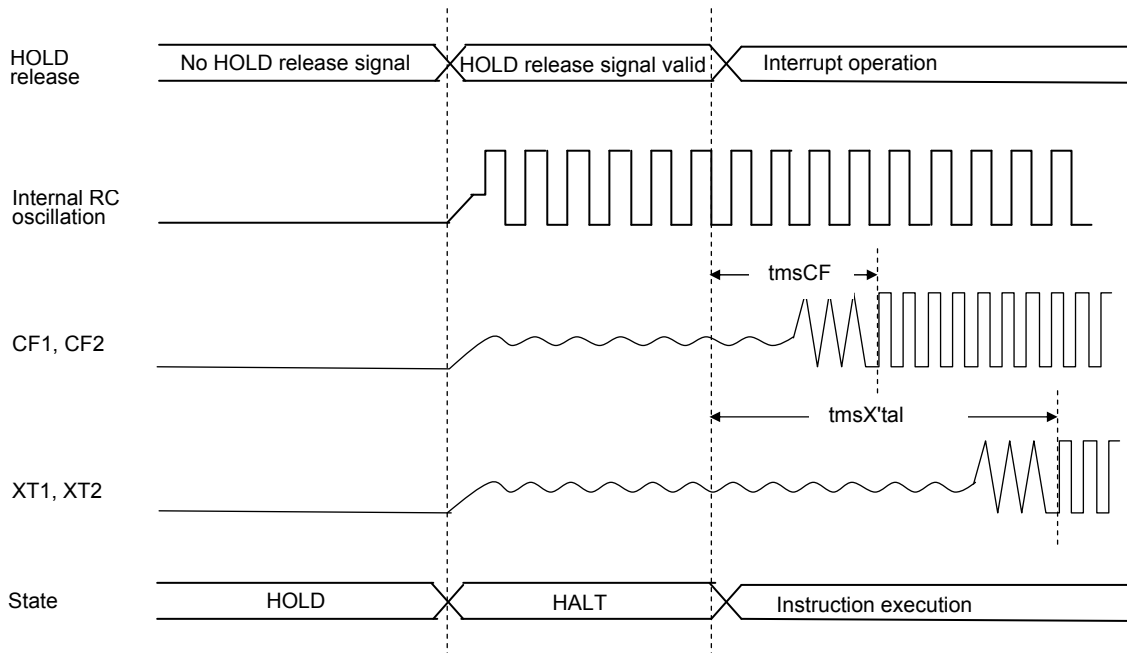


Figure 3 AC Timing Measurement Point

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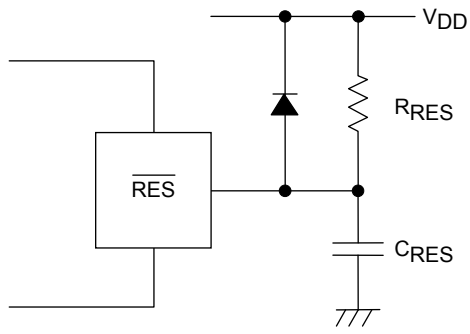
Reset Time and Oscillation Stabilization Time



HOLD Release and Oscillation Stabilization Time

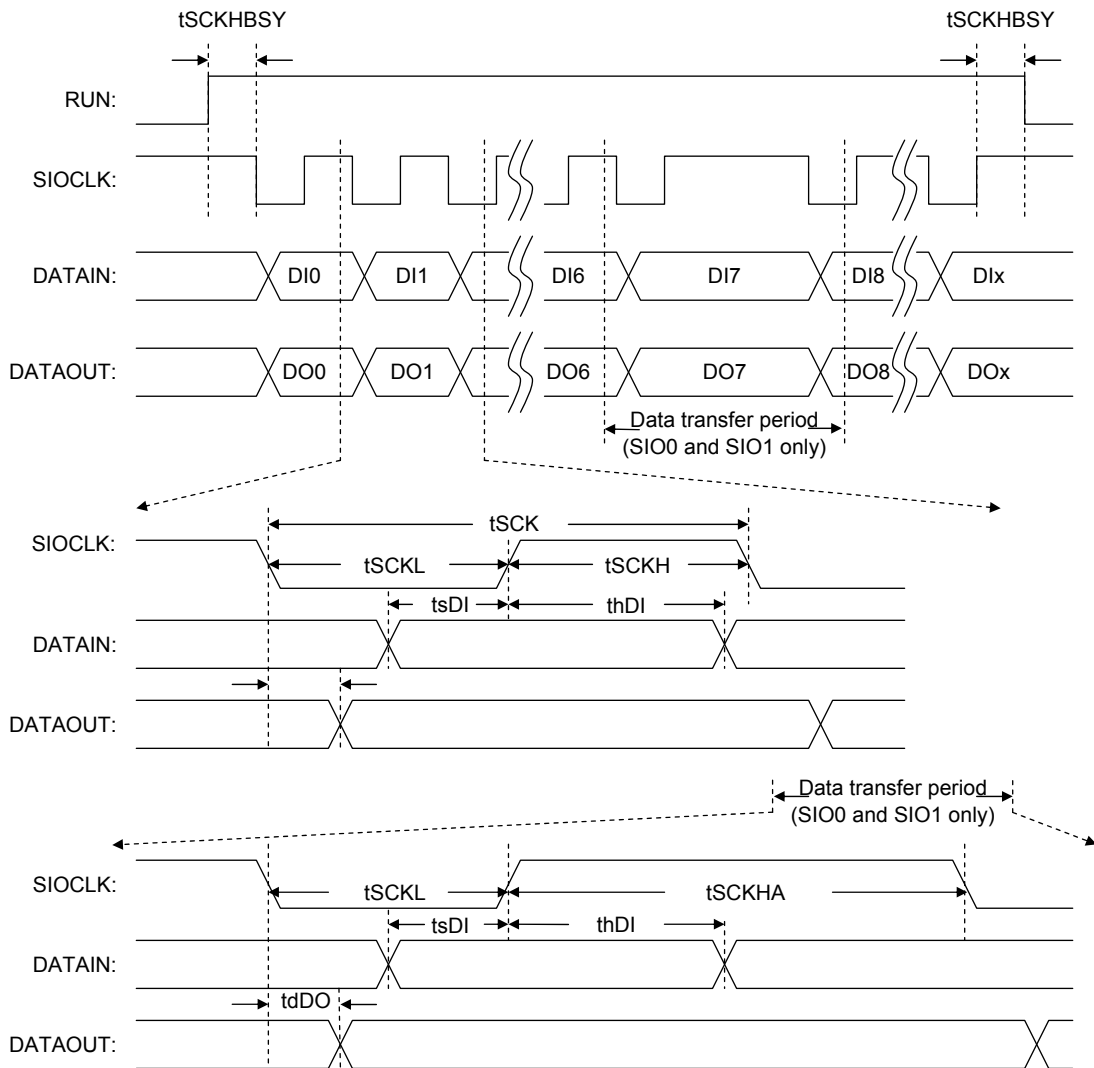
Figure 4 Oscillation Stabilization Time Timing Charts

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Note:
 Reset signal must be present when power supply rises.
 Determine the value of C_{RES} and R_{RES} so that the reset signal is present for $10\ \mu s$ after the supply voltage gets stabilized.

Figure 5 Reset Circuit



* Remarks: DIx and DOx denote the last bits communicated; x=0 to 32768

Figure 6 Serial I/O Waveforms

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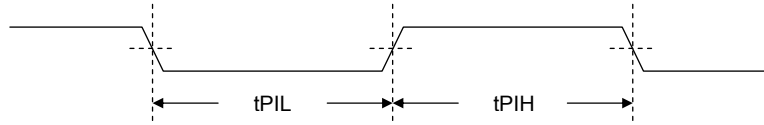
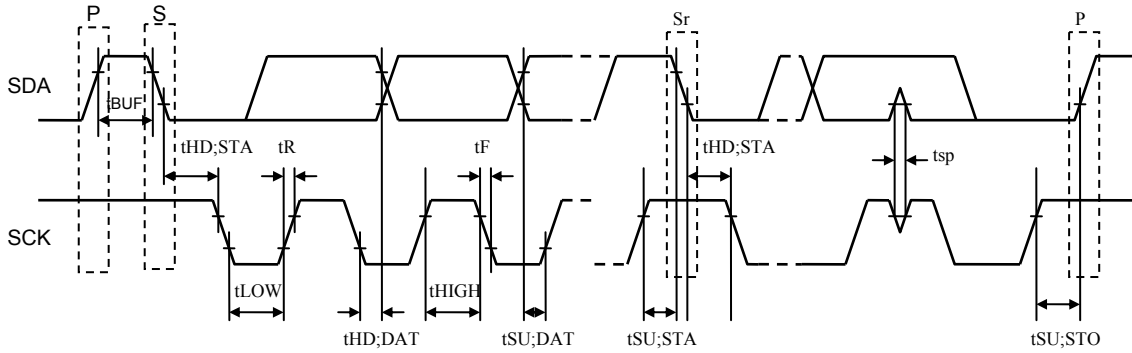


Figure 7 Pulse Input Timing Signal Waveform



S: Start condition
 P: Stop condition
 Sr: Restart condition

Figure 8 I²C Timing

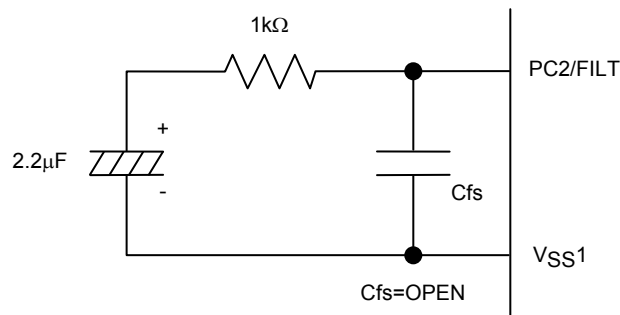
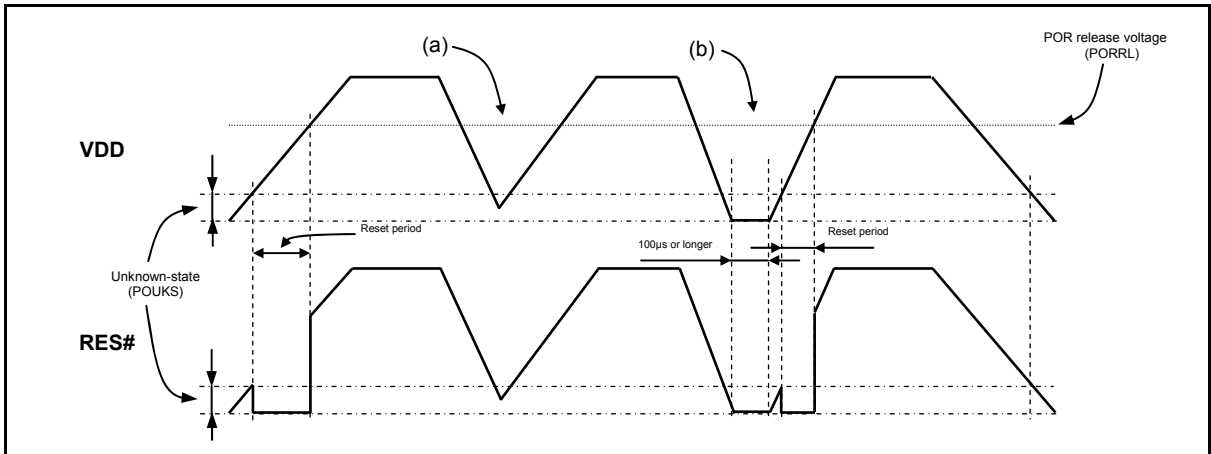


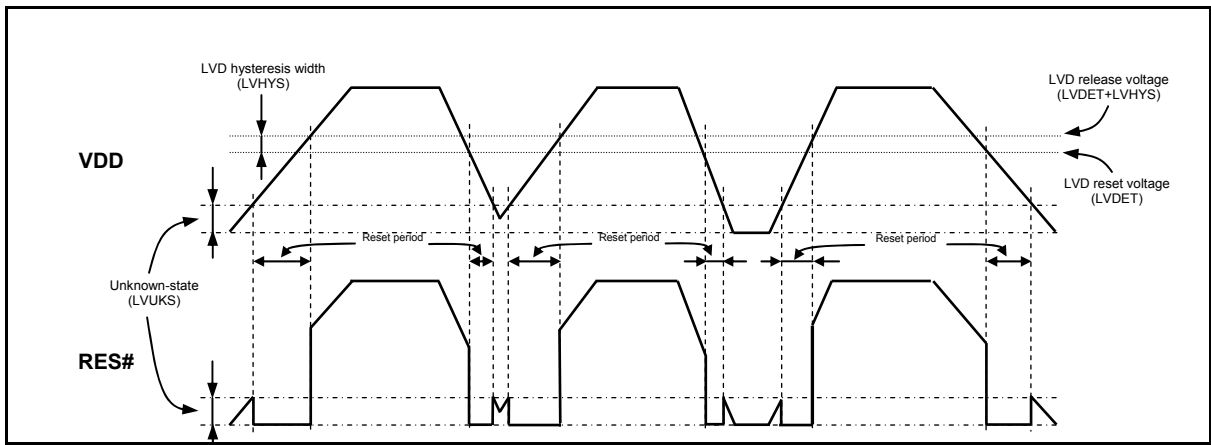
Figure 9 Recommended FILT Circuit

* Take at least 50ms to oscillation to stabilize after PLL is started.



**Figure 10 Waveform observed when only POR is used (LVD not used)
(RESET pin: Pull-up resistor R_{RES} only)**

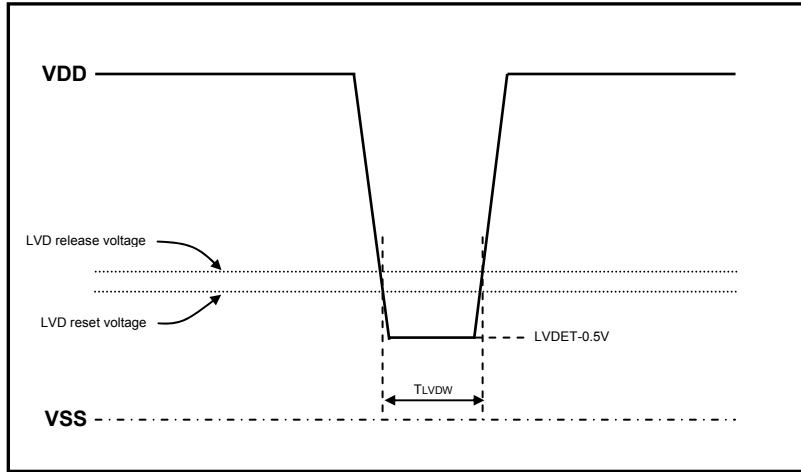
- The POR function generates a reset only when power is turned on starting at the V_{SS} level.
- No stable reset will be generated if power is turned on again when the power level does not go down to the V_{SS} level as shown in (a). If such a case is anticipated, use the LVD function together with the POR function or implement an external reset circuit.
- A reset is generated only when the power level goes down to the V_{SS} level as shown in (b) and power is turned on again after this condition continues for 100µs or longer.



**Figure 11 Waveform observed when both POR and LVD functions are used
(RESET pin: Pull-up resistor R_{RES} only)**

- Resets are generated both when power is turned on and when the power level lowers.
- A hysteresis width (LVHYS) is provided to prevent the repetitions of reset release and entry cycles near the detection level.

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**Figure 12 Low voltage detection minimum width
(Example of momentary power loss / Voltage variation waveform)**

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Package | Shipping (Qty / Packing) |
|------------------|---|--------------------------|
| LC88FC2F0BUTJ-2H | TQFP 100, 14x14 (Pb-Free / Halogen Free) | 900 / Tray JEDEC |

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