

NCP45730, NCP45731

Advance Information ecoSwitch™ Advanced Load Management

Controlled Load Switch with Low R_{ON}

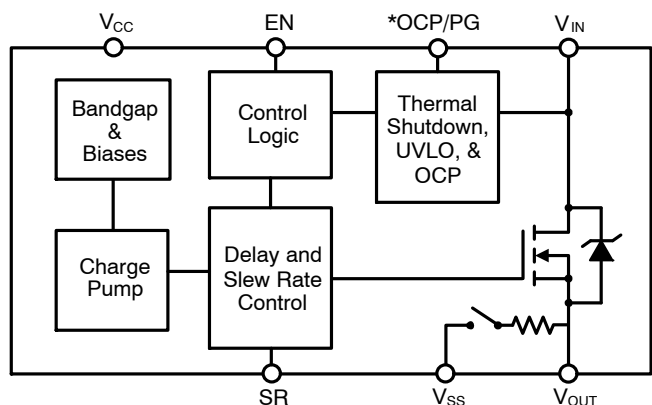
The NCP4573x series of load management devices provide a component and area-reducing solution for efficient power domain switching with inrush current limit via soft start. These devices are designed to integrate control and driver functionality with a high performance low on-resistance power MOSFET in a single package offering safeguards and monitoring via fault protection and power-good signaling. This cost effective solution is ideal for power management and disconnect functions in USB Type-C ports and power management applications requiring low power consumption in a small footprint.

Features

- Advanced Controller with Charge Pump
- Integrated N-Channel MOSFET with Low R_{ON}
- Soft-Start via Controlled Slew Rate
- Adjustable Slew Rate Control
- Fault Detection with Power Good Output (NCP45731)
- Thermal Shutdown and Under Voltage Lockout
- Short-Circuit and Adjustable Over-Current Protections
- Input Voltage Range 3 V to 24 V
- Extremely Low Standby Current
- This is a Pb-free, RoHS/REACH Compliant Device

Typical Applications

- USB Type C Power Delivery
- Servers, Set-Top Boxes and Gateways
- Notebook and Tablet Computers
- Telecom, Networking, Medical and Industrial Equipment
- Hot-Swap Devices and Peripheral Ports



*Pin 8 is OCP for NCP45730 and PG for NCP45731

Figure 1. Block Diagram

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.



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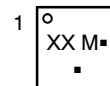
www.onsemi.com

R _{ON} TYP	V _{CC}	V _{IN}	I _{MAX}
7.6 mΩ	4.5 V	3.0 V	16.7 A
7.6 mΩ	3.3 V	4.5 V	
7.6 mΩ	3.3 V	15 V	
7.6 mΩ	3.3 V	24 V	



DFN8, 2x2
CASE 506CN

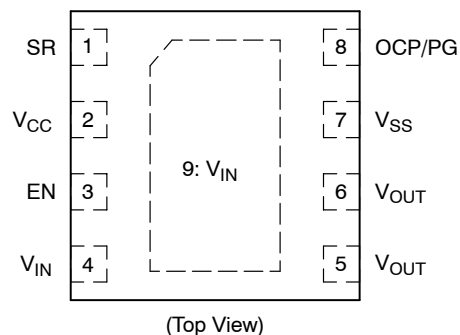
MARKING DIAGRAM



XX = Specific Device Code
M = Date Code
▪ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

PIN CONFIGURATION



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
NCP45730IMN24TWG	DFN8	TBD
NCP45731IMN24TWG		

NCP45730, NCP45731

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin	Name	Function
1	SR	Slew rate adjustment made with an external capacitor to V_{SS} ; float if not used.
2	V_{CC}	Driver supply voltage (3.0 V – 5.5 V)
3	EN	Active-high digital input used to turn on the MOSFET driver, pin has an internal pull down resistor to V_{SS}
4,9	V_{IN}	Input voltage (3 V – 24 V) – Pin 9 should be used for high current (>0.5 A)
5,6	V_{OUT}	Source of MOSFET connected to load. Includes an internal bleed resistor to V_{SS} . – All pins must be connected to provide correct R_{on}, OCP, and current capability.
7	V_{SS}	Driver ground
8	OCP (NCP45730)	Over-current protection trip point adjustment made with an external resistor, pin has an internal pull up resistor to EN; Connect to ground if over-current protection is not needed.
8	PG (NCP45731)	Active-high, open-drain output that indicates when the gate of the MOSFET is fully charged, external pull up resistor $\geq 100\text{ k}\Omega$ to an external voltage source required; tie to V_{SS} if not used.

Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	V_{CC}	-0.3 to 6	V
Input Voltage Range	V_{IN}	-0.3 to 30	V
Output Voltage Range	V_{OUT}	-0.3 to 30	V
EN Input Voltage Range	V_{EN}	GND-0.3 to ($V_{CC} + 0.3$)	V
PG Output Voltage Range (Note 1)	V_{PG}	-0.3 to 6	V
OCP Input Voltage Range	V_{OCP}	-0.3 to 6	V
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient, Steady State (Note 2)	$R_{\theta JA}$	28.6	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (V_{IN} Paddle)	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.7	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
Continuous MOSFET Current @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Note 2)	I_{MAX}	20	A
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Note 2) Derate above $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_D	3.49 34.9	W $\text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-55 to 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, Soldering (10 sec.)	T_{SLD}	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Notes 3 and 4)	ESD _{HBM}	2	kV
ESD Capability, Charged Device Model (Notes 3 and 4)	ESD _{CDM}	1	kV
Latch-up Current Immunity (Note 3)	LU	100	mA

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. PG is an open-drain output that requires an external pull-up resistor $> 100\text{ k}\Omega$ to an external voltage source.
2. Surface-mounted on FR4 board using the minimum recommended pad size, 1 oz Cu. Over current protection will limit maximum realized current to 16.7 A at highest setting.
3. Tested by the following methods @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$:
 ESD Human Body Model tested per JESD22-A114
 ESD Charged Device Model per ESD STM5.3.1
 Latch-up Current tested per JESD78
4. Rating is for all pins except for V_{IN} and V_{OUT} which are tied to the internal MOSFET's Drain and Source. Typical MOSFET ESD performance for V_{IN} and V_{OUT} should be expected and these devices should be treated as ESD sensitive.

NCP45730, NCP45731

Table 3. OPERATING RANGES

Rating	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
VCC – (VIN > 4.5 V)	VCC	3	5.5	V
VCC – (VIN < 4.5 V)	VCC	4.5	5.5	V
VIN – (VCC > 4.5 V)	VIN	3	24	V
VIN – (VCC < 4.5 V)	VIN	4.5	24	V
OCP External Resistor to VSS	ROCP	short	open	kΩ
VSS	VSS		0	V
Ambient Temperature	TA	–40	85	°C
Junction Temperature	TJ	–40	125	°C

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

Table 4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TJ = 25°C, VCC = 3 V – 5.5 V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
On-Resistance	VCC = 4.5 V; VIN = 3 V	RON		7.6		mΩ
	VCC = 3.3 V; VIN = 4.5 V			7.6		
	VCC = 3.3 V; VIN = 15 V			7.6		
	VCC = 3.3 V; VIN = 24 V			7.6		
Leakage Current – VIN to VOUT (Note 5)	VEN = 0 V; VIN = 24 V	I _{LEAK}		0.1	1.0	μA
VIN Control Current – VIN to VSS		I _{INCTL}		1.0	2.0	μA
Supply Standby Current (Note 6)	VEN = 0 V	I _{STBY}		10		μA
Supply Dynamic Current (Note 7)	VEN = VCC	IDYN			1.0	mA
Bleed Resistance		R _{BLEED}	75		200	kΩ
EN Input High Voltage		V _{IH}	2			V
EN Input Low Voltage		V _{IL}			0.8	V
EN Input Leakage Current	VEN = 0 V	I _{IL}	–1.0		1	μA
EN Pull Down Resistance		R _{PD}	76	100	124	kΩ
PG Output Low Voltage	I _{SINK} = 5 mA	V _{OL}			0.2	V
PG Output Leakage Current	V _{TERM} = 3.3 V	I _{OH}		5	100	nA
Slew Rate Control Constant (Note 8)		K _{SR}		100		μA

FAULT PROTECTIONS

Thermal Shutdown Threshold (Note 9)		T _{SDT}		145		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis (Note 9)		T _{HYS}		20		°C
VIN Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	VIN rising	V _{UVLO}		2		V
VIN Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis		V _{HYS}		200		mV
Over-Current Protection Trip (Note 10)	ROCP = open	I _{TRIP}		3.3		A
	ROCP = 100 kΩ			6.7		
	ROCP = 32 kΩ			10.0		
	ROCP = 10.6 kΩ			13.3		
	ROCP = short to GND			16.7		
Over-Current Protection Blanking Time (Note 10)		t _{OC}	1		3.5	ms
Short-Circuit Protection Trip Current		I _{SC}		16.7		A

5. Average current from VIN to VOUT with MOSFET turned off.

6. Average current from VCC to GND with MOSFET turned off.

7. Average current from VCC to GND after charge up time of MOSFET.

8. See Applications Information section for details on how to adjust the gate slew rate.

9. Operation above TJ = 125°C is not guaranteed.

10. Over-Current Protection available for NCP45730

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

NCP45730, NCP45731

Table 5. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified) (Notes 11 and 12)

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Slew Rate – Default	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$	SR		TBD~20		V/ms
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$			TBD~20		
	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD~20		
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD~20		
Output Turn-on Delay	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$	T_{ON}		TBD		μs
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$			TBD		
	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD		
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD		
Output Turn-off Delay	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$	T_{OFF}		TBD		μs
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$			TBD		
	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD		
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD		
Power Good Turn-on Time	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$	$T_{PG,ON}$		TBD		ms
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$			TBD		
	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD		
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD		
Power Good Turn-off Time	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$	$T_{PG,OFF}$		TBD		ns
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 3\text{ V}$			TBD		
	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD		
	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}; V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$			TBD		

11. See below figure for Test Circuit and Timing Diagram.

12. Tested with the following conditions: $V_{TERM} = V_{CC}$; $R_{PG} = 100\text{ k}\Omega$; $R_L = 10\ \Omega$; $C_L = 0.1\ \mu\text{F}$.

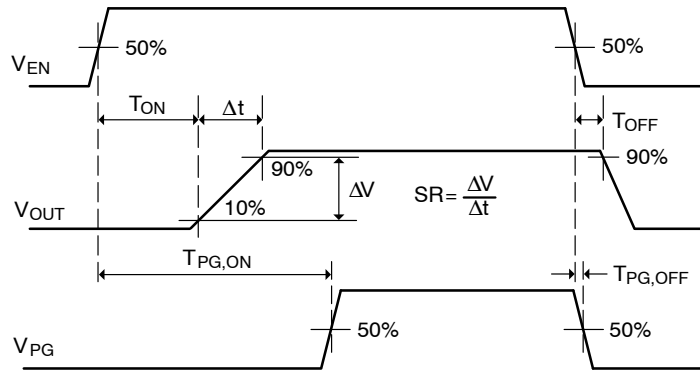
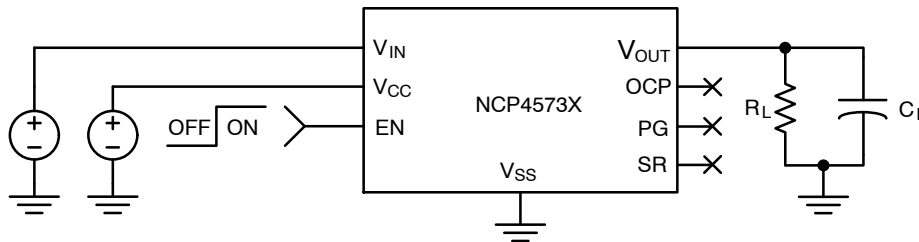


Figure 2. Switching Characteristics Test Circuit and Timing Diagrams

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Enable Control

The NCP45730/NCP45731 part enables the MOSFET in an active-high configuration. When the EN pin is at a logic high level and the V_{CC} supply pin has an adequate voltage applied, the MOSFET will be enabled. When the EN pin is at a logic low level, the MOSFET will be disabled. An internal pull down resistor to ground on the EN pin ensures that the MOSFET will be disabled when not driven.

Short-Circuit Protection (Hard short)

The NCP45730/NCP45731 device is equipped with a short-circuit protection that helps protect the part and the system from a sudden high-current event, such as the output, V_{OUT} , being hard-short to ground.

Once active, the circuitry monitors the voltage difference between the V_{IN} pin and the V_{OUT} pin. When the difference is equal to the short-circuit protection threshold voltage, the MOSFET is turned off and the load bleed is activated. The part remains off and is latched in the Fault state until EN is toggled or V_{CC} supply voltage is cycled, at which point the MOSFET will be turned on in a controlled fashion with the normal output turn-on delay and slew rate.

Over-Current Protection (Soft short)

The NCP45730 device is equipped with an over-current protection (OCP) that helps protect the part and the system from a high current event which exceeds the expected operational current (e.g., a soft short).

In the event that the current from the V_{IN} pin to the V_{OUT} pin exceeds the OCP threshold for longer than the blanking time, the MOSFET will shut down and the PG pin is driven low. Like the short-circuit protection, the part remains latched in the Fault state until EN is toggled or V_{CC} supply voltage is cycled, at which point the MOSFET will be turned on in a controlled fashion with the normal output turn-on delay and slew rate.

The over-current trip point is determined by the resistance between the OCP pin and ground. If no over-current protection is needed, then the OCP pin should be tied to GND; if the OCP protection is disabled in this way, the short-circuit protection will still remain active.

Thermal Shutdown

The thermal shutdown of the NCP45730/NCP45731 device protects the part from internally or externally generated excessive temperatures. This circuitry is disabled when EN is not active to reduce standby current. When an over-temperature condition is detected, the MOSFET is turned off and the load bleed is activated.

The part comes out of thermal shutdown when the junction temperature decreases to a safe operating temperature as dictated by the thermal hysteresis. Upon exiting a thermal shutdown state, and if EN remains active, the MOSFET will be turned on in a controlled fashion with the normal output turn-on delay and slew rate.

Under Voltage Lockout

The under voltage lockout of the NCP45730/NCP45731 device turns the MOSFET off and activates the load bleed when the input voltage, V_{IN} , drops below the under voltage lockout threshold. This circuitry is disabled when EN is not active to reduce standby current.

If the V_{IN} voltage rises above the under voltage lockout threshold, and EN remains active, the MOSFET will be turned on in a controlled fashion with the normal output turn-on delay and slew rate.

Power Good

The NCP45731 device has a power good output (PG) that can be used to indicate when the gate of the MOSFET is fully charged. The PG pin is an active-high, open-drain output that requires an external pull up resistor, R_{PG} , greater than or equal to 100 k Ω to an external voltage source, V_{TERM} , that is compatible with input levels of all devices connected to this pin (as shown in Figures TBD).

The power good output can be used as the enable signal for other active-high devices in the system (as shown in Figure TBD). This allows for guaranteed by design power sequencing and reduces the number of enable signals needed from the system controller. If the power good feature is not used in the application, the PG pin should be tied to GND.

Slew Rate Control

The NCP45730/NCP45731 device is equipped with controlled output slew rate which provides soft start functionality. This limits the inrush current caused by capacitor charging and enables these devices to be used in hot swapping applications.

The slew rate can be decreased with an external capacitor added between the SR pin and ground. With an external capacitor present, the slew rate can be determined by the following equation:

$$\text{Slew Rate} = \frac{K_{SR}}{C_{SR}} \text{ [V/s]} \quad (\text{eq. 1})$$

where K_{SR} is the specified slew rate control constant, found on page 3, and C_{SR} is the capacitor added between the SR pin and ground. Note that the slew rate of the device will always be the lower of the default slew rate and the adjusted slew rate. Therefore, if the C_{SR} is not large enough to decrease the slew rate more than the specified default value, the slew rate of the device will be the default value.

Capacitive Load

The peak in-rush current associated with the initial charging of the application load capacitance needs to stay below the specified I_{max} . C_L (capacitive load) should be less than C_{max} as defined by the following equation:

$$C_{max} = \frac{I_{max}}{SR_{typ}} \quad (\text{eq. 2})$$

NCP45730, NCP45731

Where I_{max} is the maximum load current, and SR_{typ} is the typical default slew rate when no external load capacitor is added to the SR pin.

ecoSWITCH LAYOUT GUIDELINES

Electrical Layout Considerations

Correct physical PCB layout is important for proper low noise accurate operation of all ecoSWITCH products.

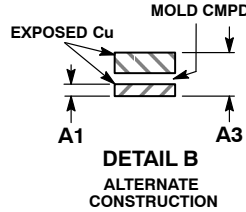
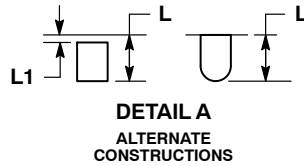
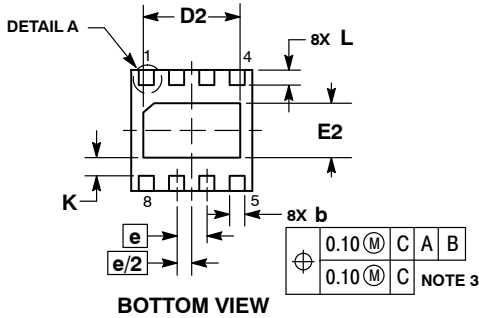
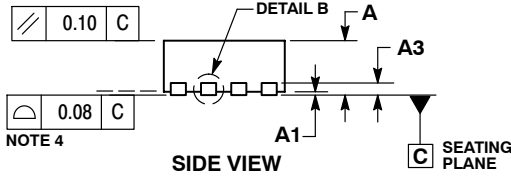
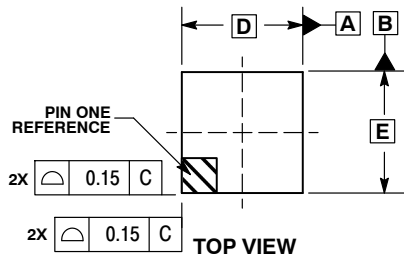
Power Planes: The ecoSWITCH is optimized for extremely low R_{on} resistance, however, improper PCB layout can substantially increase source to load series resistance by adding PCB board parasitic resistance. Solid connections to the VIN and VOUT pins of the ecoSWITCH to copper

planes should be used to achieve low series resistance and good thermal dissipation. The ecoSWITCH requires ample heat dissipation for correct thermal lockout operation. The internal FET dissipates load condition dependent amounts of power in the milliseconds following the rising edge of enable, and providing good thermal conduction from the packaging to the board is critical. Direct coupling of VIN to VOUT should be avoided, as this will adversely affect slew rates. The figure below shows an example of correct power plane layout. The number and location of pins for specific ecoSWITCH products may vary. This demonstrates large planes for both VIN and VOUT, while avoiding capacitive coupling between the two planes.

NCP45730, NCP45731

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

DFN8 2x2, 0.5P CASE 506CN ISSUE O

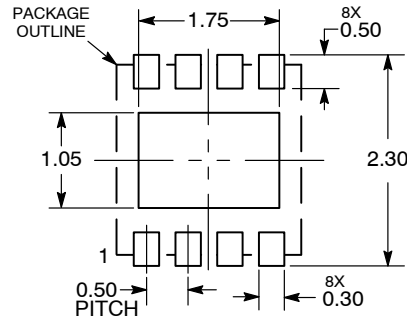


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30 MM FROM TERMINAL TIP.
4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX
A	0.80	1.00
A1	0.00	0.05
A3	0.20 REF	
b	0.20	0.30
D	2.00 BSC	
D2	1.50	1.70
E	2.00 BSC	
E2	0.80	1.00
e	0.50 BSC	
K	0.27 REF	
L	0.17	0.38
L1	---	0.15

RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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