# Product Preview

# 3.3 V SDRAM Buffer for Mobile PCS with 4 SO-DIMMs

#### Description

The PCS2I2310ANZ is a 3.3 V buffer designed to distribute high–speed clocks in mobile PC applications. The part has 10 outputs, 8 of which can be used to drive up to four SDRAM SO–DIMMs, and the remaining can be used for external feedback to a PLL. The device operates at 3.3 V and outputs can run up to 133 MHz, thus making it compatible with Pentium  $II^{\textcircled{\$}}$  processors.

The PCS2I2310ANZ also includes a serial interface (IIC), which can enable or disable each output clock. The IIC is Slave Receiver only and is Standard mode compliant. IIC Master can write into the IIC registers but cannot read back. The first two bytes after address should be ignored by IIC Block and data is valid after these two bytes as given in IIC Byte Flow Table. On power—up, all output clocks are enabled. A separate Output Enable pin facilitates testing on ATE.

#### **Features**

- One Input to 10 Output Buffer/Driver
- Supports up to Four SDRAM SO-DIMMs
- Two Additional Outputs for Feedback
- Serial Interface for Output Control
- Low Skew Outputs
- Up to 133 MHz Operation
- Multiple V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>SS</sub> Pins for Noise Reduction
- Dedicated OE Pin for Testing
- Space-saving 28 Pin SSOP Package
- 3.3 V Operation
- These Devices are Pb-Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

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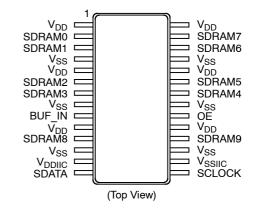
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SSOP-28 A SUFFIX CASE 565AH

#### **PIN CONFIGURATION**



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 11 of this data sheet.

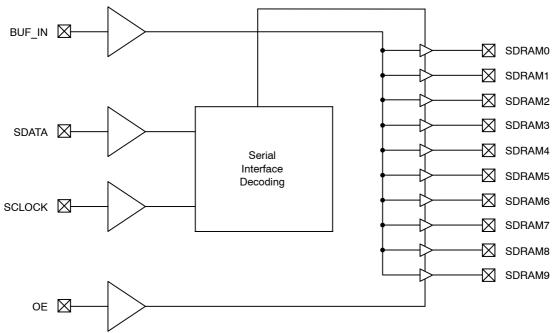


Figure 1. Block Diagram

**Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION** 

Pins	Name	Туре	Description
1, 5, 10, 19, 24, 28	$V_{DD}$	Р	3.3 V Digital voltage supply
4, 8, 12, 17, 21, 25	V <sub>SS</sub>	Р	Ground
13	$V_{\rm DDIIC}$	Р	3.3 V Serial interface voltage supply
16	V <sub>SSIIC</sub>	Р	Ground for serial interface
9	BUF_IN	1	Input clock, 5 V tolerant
20	OE	1	Output Enable, three-states outputs when LOW. Internal pull-up to V <sub>DD</sub>
14	SDATA	I/O	Bi-directional Serial data pin. Internal pull-up to V <sub>DD.</sub> 5 V tolerant
15	SCLK	I	Serial clock input. Internal pull-up to V <sub>DD.</sub> 5 V tolerant
2, 3, 6, 7	SDRAM [0-3]	0	SDRAM byte 0 Clock Outputs
22, 23, 26, 27	SDRAM [4-7]	0	SDRAM byte 1 Clock Outputs
11, 18	SDRAM [8–9]	0	SDRAM byte 2 Clock Outputs

**Table 2. DEVICE FUNCTIONALITY** 

OE	SDRAM [0-17]
0	High-Z
1	1 x BUF_IN

## **Serial Configuration Map**

- The Serial bits will be read by the clock driver in the following order:
  - 1. Byte 0 Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0
  - 2. Byte 1 Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0
  - 3. Byte N Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0
- Reserved and unused bits can be programmed to either "0" or "1".
- Serial interface address for the PCS2I2310ANZ is:

A6	<b>A</b> 5	A4	А3	A2	<b>A</b> 1	A0	R/W
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	

**Table 3. BYTE 0: SDRAM Active/Inactive Register** (Note 1) (1 = Enable, 0 = Disable), Default = Enable

Bit	Pin #	Description
Bit 7		Unused
Bit 6		Unused
Bit 5		Unused
Bit 4		Unused
Bit 3	7	SDRAM3 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 2	6	SDRAM2 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 1	3	SDRAM1 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 0	2	SDRAM0 (Active/Inactive)

## Table 4. BYTE 1: SDRAM Active/Inactive Register

(Note 1) (1 = Enable, 0 = Disable), Default = Enable

Bit	Pin#	Description
Bit 7	27	SDRAM7 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 6	26	SDRAM6 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 5	23	SDRAM5 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 4	22	SDRAM4 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 3		Unused
Bit 2		Unused
Bit 1		Unused
Bit 0		Unused

## Table 5. BYTE 2: SDRAM Active/Inactive Register

(Note 1) (1 = Enable, 0 = Disable), Default = Enable

Bit	Pin#	Description
Bit 7	18	SDRAM9 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 6	11	SDRAM8 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 5		Reserved
Bit 4		Reserved
Bit 3		Reserved
Bit 2		Reserved
Bit 1		Reserved
Bit 0		Reserved

#### **Table 6. IIC BYTE FLOW**

Byte	Description		
1	IIC Address		
2	Command (dummy value, ignored)		
3	Byte Count (dummy value, ignored)		
4	IIC Data Byte 0		
5	IIC Data Byte 1		
6	IIC Data Byte 2		

<sup>1.</sup> When the value of bit in these bytes is high, the output is enabled. When the value of the bit is low, the output is forced to low state. The default value of all the bits is high after chip is powered up.

**Table 7. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** 

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Supply Voltage to Ground Potential	-0.5 V to +7.0	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	DC Input Voltage (Except BUF_IN)	-0.5 V to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5	V
$V_{INB}$	DC Input Voltage (BUF_IN)	-0.5 V to +7.0	V
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	−65°C to +150	°C
TJ	Junction Temperature	150	°C
$T_DV$	Static Discharge Voltage (As per JEDEC STD22- A114-B)	2000	V

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

## **Table 8. OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Supply Voltage	3.135	3.465	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature (Ambient Temperature)	0	70	°C
C <sub>L</sub>	Load Capacitance	20	30	pF
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance		7	pF
t <sub>PU</sub>	Power-up time for all V <sub>DD</sub> 's to reach minimum specified voltage (power ramps must be monotonic)	0.05	50	ms

## **Table 9. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage	Except serial interface pins			0.8	V
V <sub>ILIIC</sub>	Input LOW Voltage	For serial interface pins only			0.7	V
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage (Note 2)	I <sub>OL</sub> = 25 mA			0.4	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 2)	I <sub>OH</sub> = -36 mA	2.4			V
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_{DD} = 3.465 \text{ V}, V_i = V_{DD} \text{ or GND}, I_O = 0$		50	100	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High Impedance Output Current	$V_{DD} = 3.465 \text{ V}, V_i = V_{DD} \text{ or GND}$			±10	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	OffState Current (for SCL ,SDATA)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>i</sub> = 0 V or 5.5 V			50	μΑ
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Change in Supply Current	$V_{DD}$ = 3.135 V to 3.465 V One Input at $V_{DD}$ – 0.6, All other Inputs at $V_{DD}$ or GND			500	μΑ
l <sub>i</sub>	Input Leakage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.465 V or GND (Applicable to all Input Pins)	-5		+5	μΑ
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Current (Note 2)	Unloaded outputs, 133 MHz			266	mA
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Current (Note 2)	Loaded outputs, 30 pF, 133 MHz			360	mA
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Current (Note 2)	Unloaded outputs, 100 MHz			200	mA
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Current (Note 2)	Loaded outputs, 30 pF, 100 MHz			290	mA
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Current (Note 2)	Unloaded outputs, 66.67 MHz			150	mA
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Current (Note 2)	Loaded outputs, 30 pF, 66.67 MHz			185	mA
I <sub>DDS</sub>	Supply Current	BUF_IN = $V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$ , all other inputs at $V_{DD}$			500	μΑ

<sup>2.</sup> Parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production.

Table 10. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Note 3)

Parameter	Name	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>max</sub>	Maximum Operating Frequency				133	MHz
t <sub>D</sub>	Duty Cycle (Notes 4, 5) = t <sub>2</sub> ÷ t <sub>1</sub>	Measured at 1.5 V	45.0	50.0	55.0	%
t <sub>3</sub>	Rising Edge Rate (Note 5)	Measured between 0.4 V and 2.4 V	1	2	4	V/nS
t <sub>4</sub>	Falling Edge Rate (Note 5)	Measured between 2.4 V and 0.4 V	1	2	4	V/nS
t <sub>5</sub>	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 5)	All outputs equally loaded		150	225	pS
t <sub>6</sub>	SDRAM Buffer LH Prop. Delay (Note 5)	Input edge greater than 1 V/nS	1	2.7	3.5	nS
t <sub>7</sub>	SDRAM Buffer HL Prop. Delay (Note 5)	Input edge greater than 1 V/nS	1	2.7	3.5	nS
t <sub>PLZ,</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub>	SDRAM Buffer Enable Delay (Note 5)	Input edge greater than 1 V/nS	1	3	5	nS
t <sub>PZL,</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub>	SDRAM Buffer Disable Delay (Note 5)	Input edge greater than 1 V/nS	1	3	5	nS
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time for SDATA	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	6			nS
	(Refer to <i>Test Circuit for IIC</i> ) Refer to <i>Figure 4</i>	C <sub>L</sub> = 40 pF			250	
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time for SDATA	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	20			nS
	(Refer to <i>Test Circuit for IIC</i> ) Refer to <i>Figure 4</i>	C <sub>L</sub> = 40 pF			250	1

- All parameters specified with loaded outputs.
   Duty cycle of input clock is 50%. Rising and falling edge rate is greater than 1 V/nS.
   Parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production.

## **Test Circuit for SDRAM Enable and Disable Times**

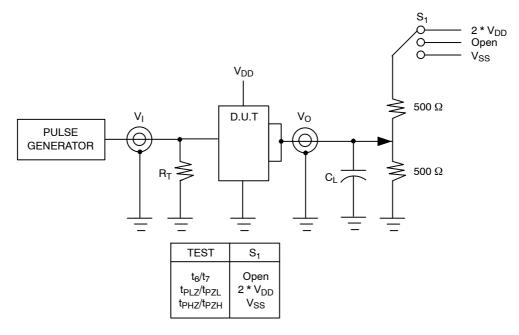


Figure 2. Load Circuit for Switching Times

## **SDRAM Enable and Disable Times**

 $V_M = 1.5 V$ 

 $V_X = V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$ 

 $V_Y = V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$ 

 $V_{OH}\, \text{and}\,\, V_{OL}\, \text{are the typical Output Voltage drop that occur with the output load.}$ 

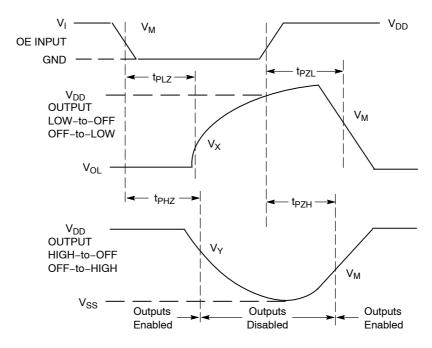


Figure 3. State Enable and Disable Times

## Test Circuit for IIC Rise and Fall Times

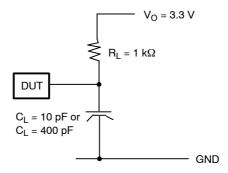


Figure 4. Test Circuit for IIC

## **Switching Waveforms**

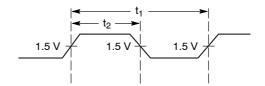


Figure 5. Duty Cycle Timing

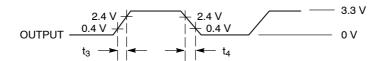


Figure 6. All Outputs Rise/Fall Time

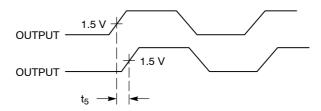


Figure 7. Output-Output Skew

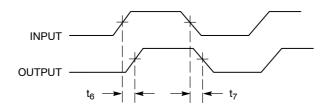


Figure 8. SDRAM Buffer LH and HL Propagation Delay

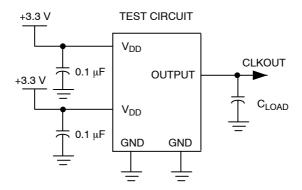
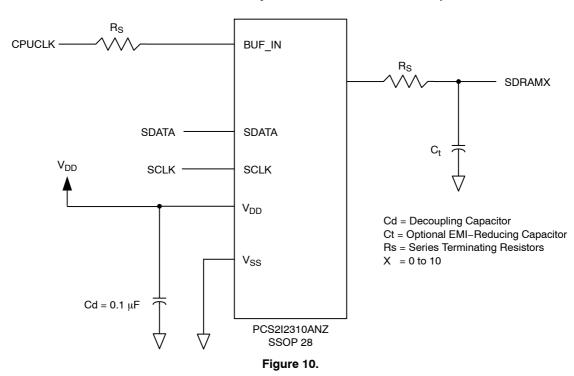


Figure 9. Test Circuits

#### **Application Information**

Clock traces must be terminated with either series or parallel termination, as is normally done.



#### Summary

- Surface mount, low–ESR, ceramic capacitors should be used for filtering. Typically, these capacitors have a value of 0.1 μF. In some cases, smaller value capacitors may be required.
- The value of the series terminating resistor satisfies the following equation, where Rtrace is the loaded characteristic impedance of the trace, Rout is the output impedance of the buffer (typically 25  $\Omega$ ), and Rseries is the series terminating resistor.

Rseries > Rtrace - Rout

• Footprints must be laid out for optional EMI-reducing capacitors, which should be placed as close to the

- terminating resistor as is physically possible. Typical values of these capacitors range from 4.7 pF to 22 pF.
- A Ferrite Bead may be used to isolate the Board  $V_{DD}$  from the clock generator  $V_{DD}$  island. Ensure that the Ferrite Bead offers greater than 50  $\Omega$  impedance at the clock frequency, under loaded DC conditions.
- If a Ferrite Bead is used, a 10 µF-22 µF tantalum bypass capacitor should be placed close to the Ferrite Bead. This capacitor prevents power supply droop during current surges.

#### **IIC Serial Interface Information**

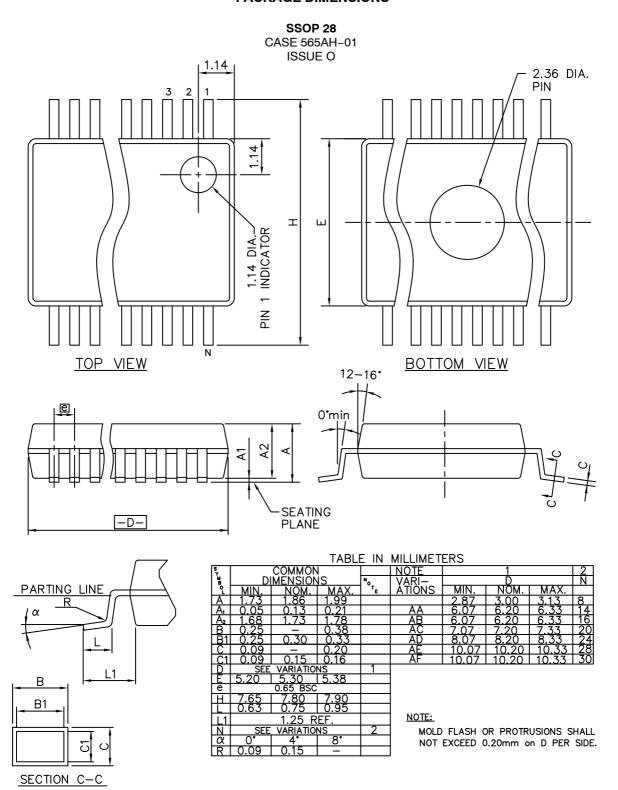
The information in this section assumes familiarity with IIC programming.

## How to Program PCS2I2310ANZ through IIC:

- Master (host) sends a start bit.
- Master (host) sends the write address D3 (H).
- PCS2I2310ANZ device will acknowledge.
- Master (host) sends the Command Byte.
- PCS2I2310ANZ device will acknowledge the Command Byte.
- Master (host) sends a Byte count.
- PCS2I2310ANZ device will acknowledge the Byte count.
- Master (host) sends the Byte 0.
- PCS2I2310ANZ device will acknowledge Byte 0.
- Master (host) sends the Byte 1.
- PCS2I2310ANZ device will acknowledge Byte 1.
- Master (host) sends the Byte 2.
- PCS2I2310ANZ device will acknowledge Byte 2.
- Master (host) sends a Stop bit.

Controller (Host)	PCS2I2310ANZ (slave/receiver)
Start Bit	
Slave Address D3(H)	
	ACK
Command Byte	
	ACK
Byte count	
	ACK
Byte 0	
	ACK
Byte 1	
	ACK
Byte 2	
	ACK
Stop Bit	

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**



#### **Table 11. ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Marking	Package Type	Temperature
PCS2P2310ANZG-28-AT	2P2310ANZG	28-pin SSOP -Tube, Green	Commercial
PCS2P2310ANZG-28-AR	2P2310ANZG	28-pin SSOP -Tape and Reel, Green	Commercial
PCS2I2310ANZG-28-AT	212310ANZG	28-pin SSOP -Tube, Green	Industrial
P2I2310ANZG-28AR	2l2310ANZG	28-pin SSOP -Tape and Reel, Green	Industrial

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